

# FOCKE - WULF FW 190

Code: SEA257

“ Graphics and specifications may change without notice ”.



## Specifications:

Wingspan-----80 in (203.3 cm).  
Wing area-----1083.8 sq.in ( 69.9 sq.dm).  
Weight-----15.4 lbs ( 7.0 kg).  
Length-----62.9 in ( 159.7 cm).  
Engine-----33-38cc  
Motor size-----Power 160  
Radio-----6 channels with 10 servos.  
Electric Power Conversion Optional.

**INTRODUCTION.**

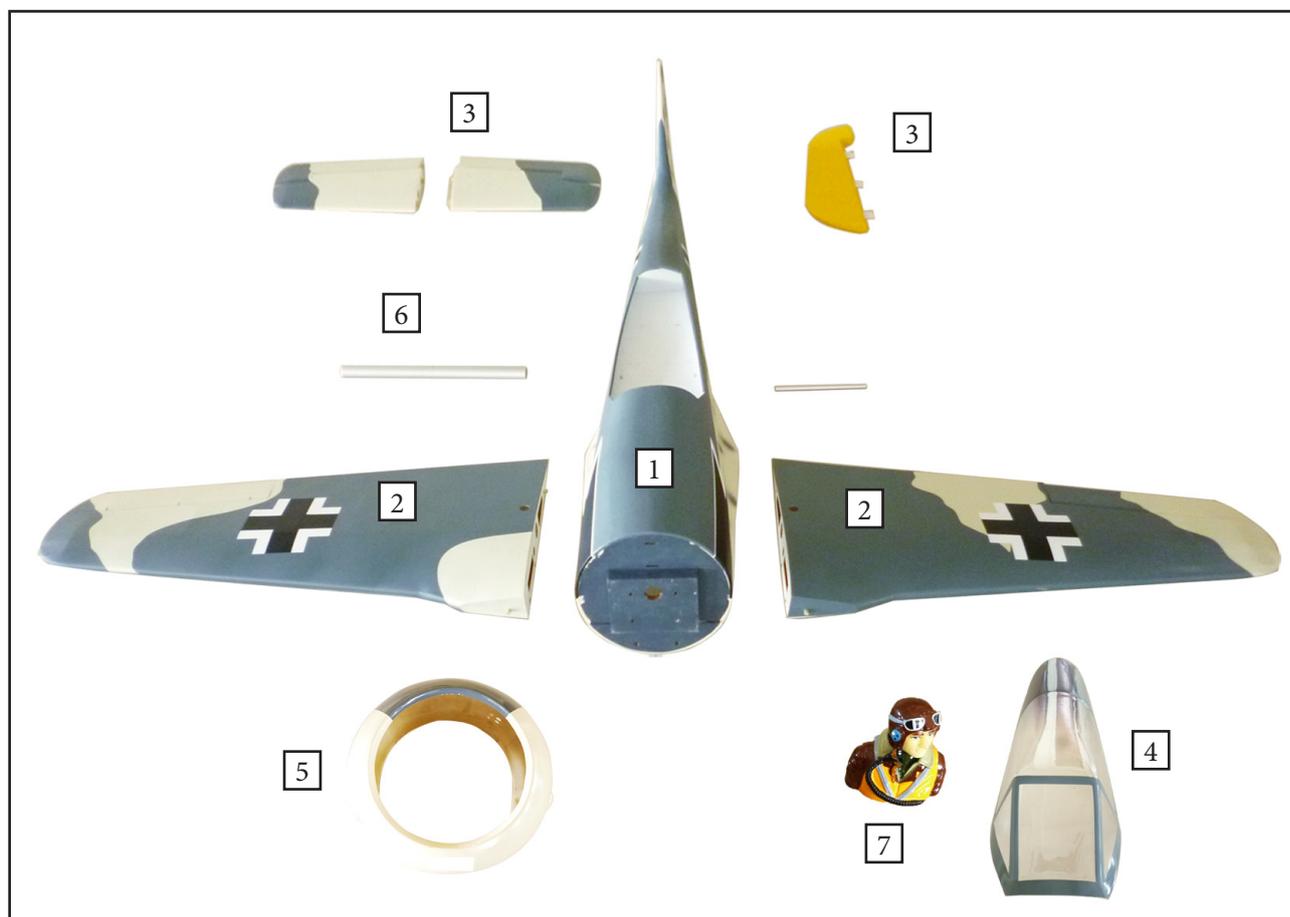
Thank you for choosing the **FOCKE-WULF FW190** ARTF by **SEAGULL MODELS COMPANY LTD.** The **FOCKE-WULF FW190** was designed with the intermediate/advanced sport flyer in mind. It is a semi scale airplane which is easy to fly and quick to assemble. The airframe is conventionally built using balsa, plywood to make it stronger than the average ARTF, yet the design allows the aeroplane to be kept light. You will find that most of the work has been done for you already. The motor mount has been fitted and the hinges are pre-installed. Flying the **FOCKE-WULF FW190** is simply a joy.

This instruction manual is designed to help you build a great flying aeroplane. Please read this manual thoroughly before starting assembly of your **FOCKE-WULF FW190** . Use the parts listing below to indentify all parts.

**WARNING.**

*Please be aware that this aeroplane is not a toy and if assembled or used incorrectly it is capable of causing injury to people or property. WHEN YOU FLY THIS AEROPLANE YOU ASSUME ALL RISK & REponsibility.*

If you are inexperienced with basic R/C flight we strongly recommend you contact your R/C supplier and join your local R/C model Flying Club. R/C Model Flying Clubs offer a variety of training procedures designed to help the new pilot on his way to successful R/C flight. They will also be able to advise on any insurance and safety regulations that may apply.

**KIT CONTENTS**

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- SEA25701 Fuselage
- SEA25702 Wing set
- SEA25703 Tail set
- SEA25704 Canopy
- SEA25705 Cowling
- SEA25706 Aluminium tube
- SEA25707 Pilot

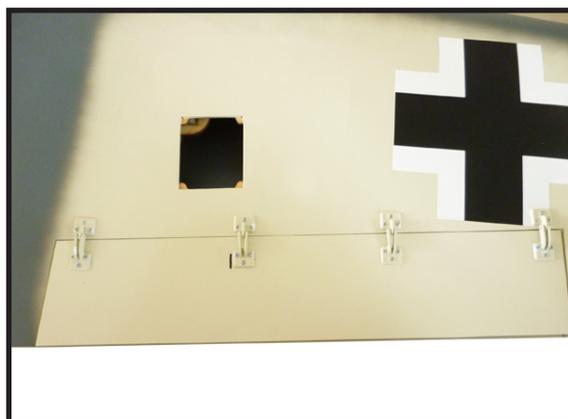
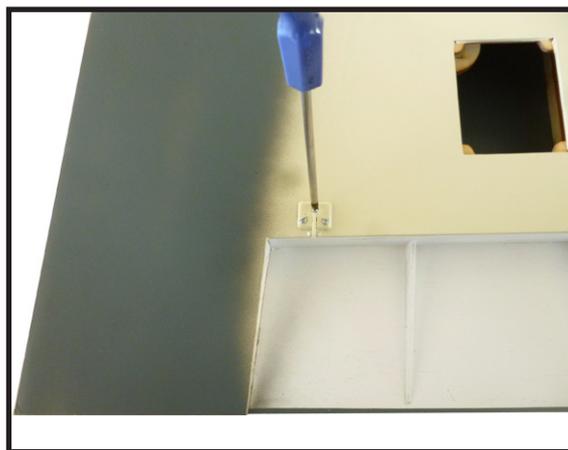
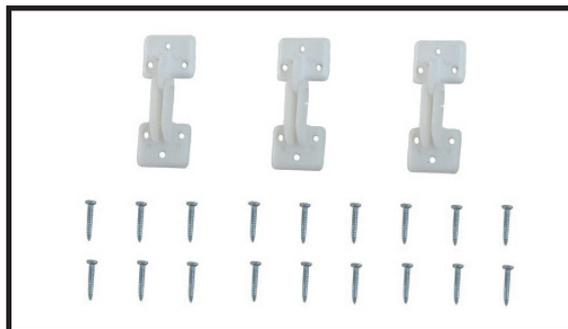
**ADDITIONAL ITEMS REQUIRED.**

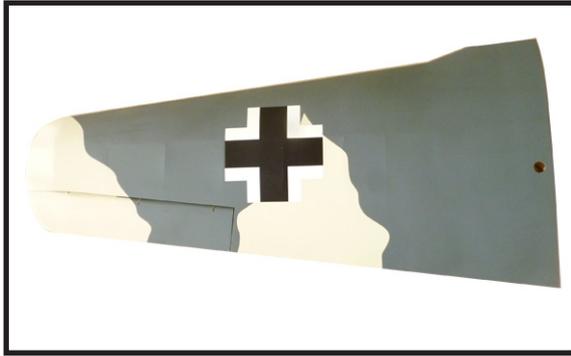
- 33cc-38cc gasoline engine.
- Power 160
- Computer radio with 10 servos.
- Glow plug to suit engine.
- Propeller to suit engine.
- Protective foam rubber for radio system.

**TOOLS & SUPPLIES NEEDED.**

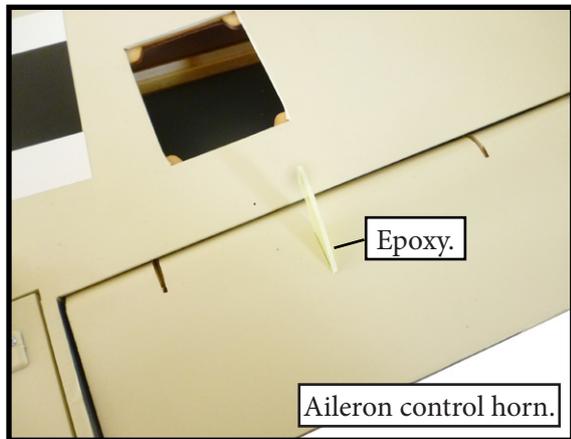
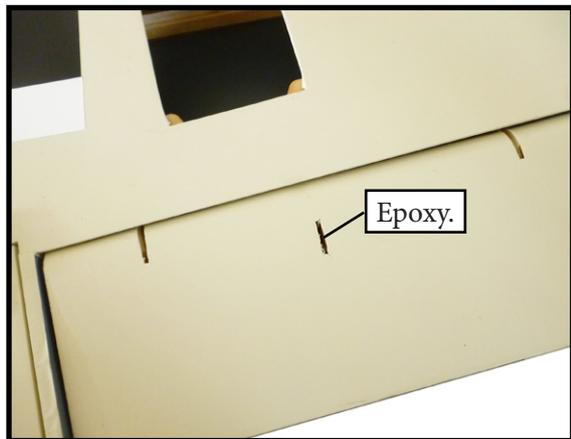
- Thin cyanoacrylate glue.
- Medium cyanoacrylate glue.
- 30 minute epoxy.
- 5 minute epoxy.
- Hand or electric drill.
- Assorted drill bits.
- Modelling knife.
- Straight edge ruler.
- 2mm ball driver.
- Phillips head screwdriver.
- 220 grit sandpaper.
- 90° square or builder's triangle.
- Wire cutters.
- Masking tape & T-pins.
- Thread-lock.
- Paper towels.

**HINGING THE FLAP.**



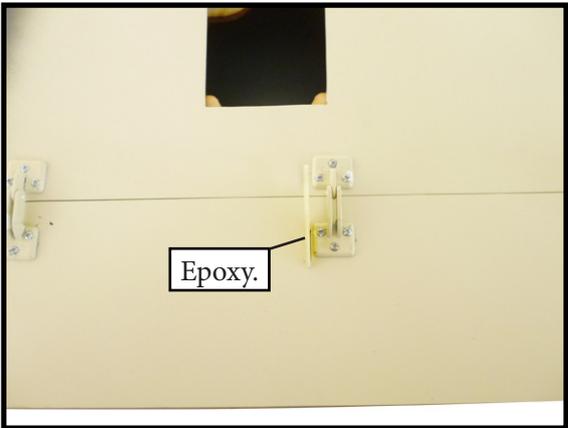


**INSTALL THE AILERONS CONTROL HORN.**



**INSTALL FLAP CONTROL HORN.**

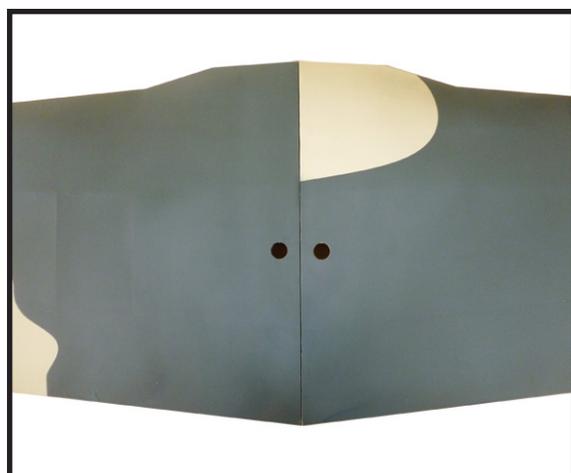
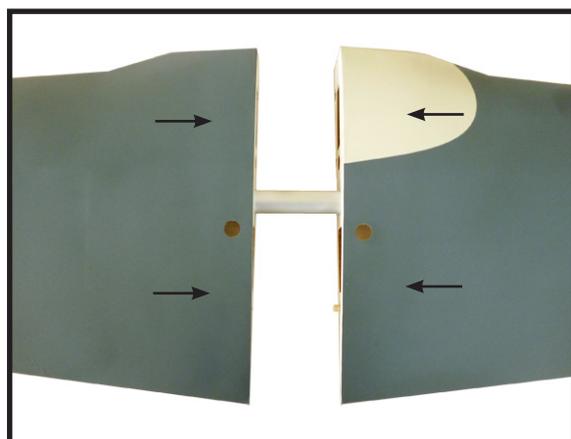
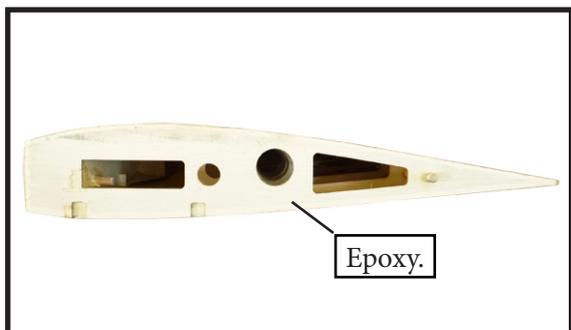
Install the flap control horn using the same method as same as the aileron control horns.



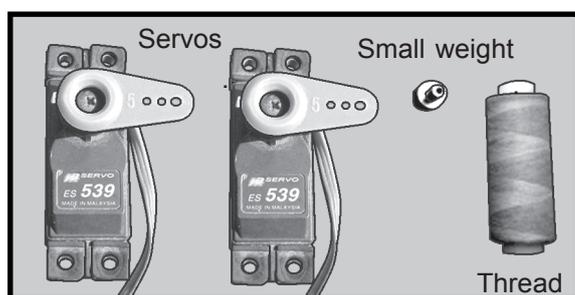
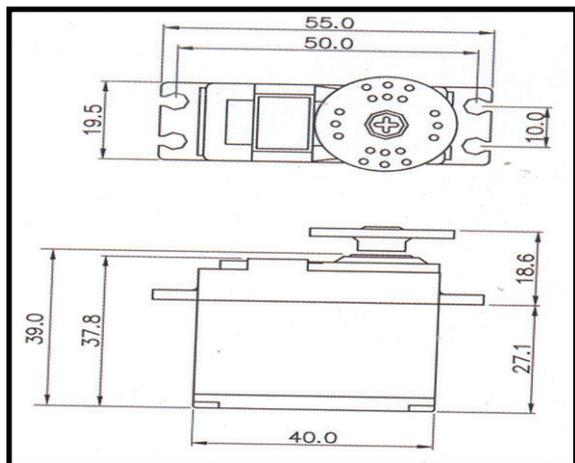
**WING ASSEMBLY.**

Please see below pictures.





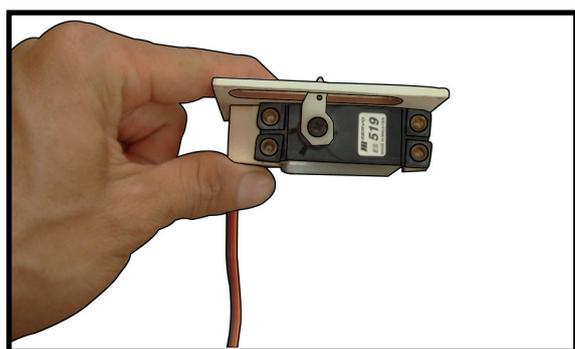
**INSTALLING THE AILERON SERVOS.**



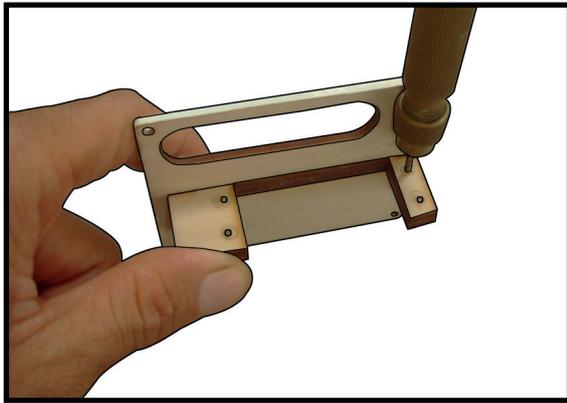
**!** Because the size of servos differ, you may need to adjust the size of the precut opening in the mount. The notch in the sides of the mount allow the servo lead to pass through.

1) Using a small weight (Weighted fuel pick-up works well) and string, feed the string through the wing as indicated.

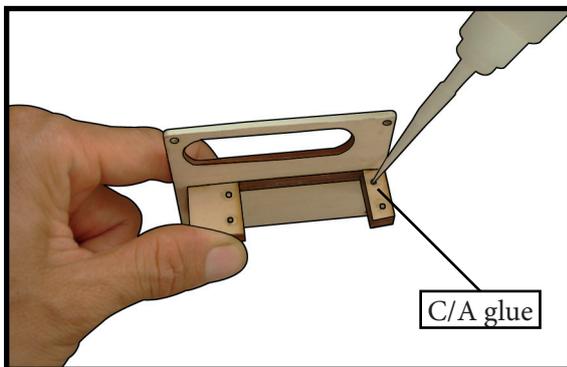
2) Place the servo between the mounting blocks and space it from the hatch. Use a pencil to mark the mounting hole locations on the blocks.



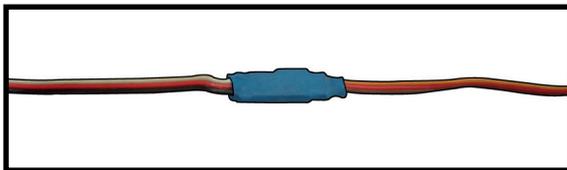
3) Use drill bit in a pin vise to drill the mouting holes in the blocks.



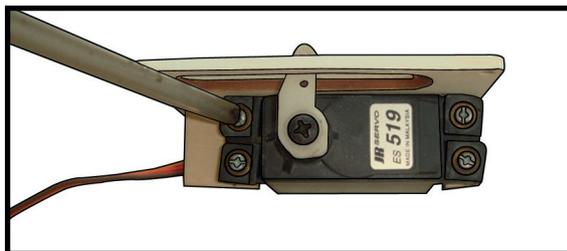
4) Apply 2-3 drops of thin C/A to each of the mounting holes. Allow the C/A to cure without using accelerator.



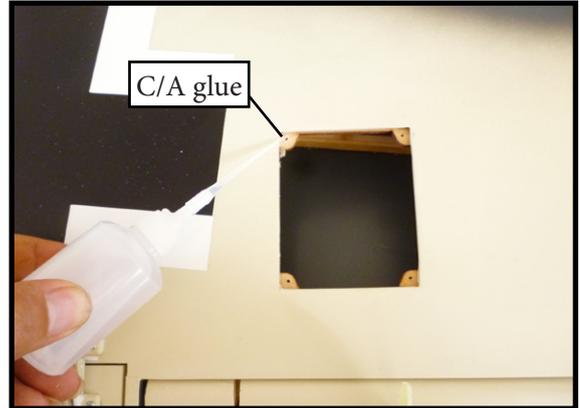
5) Use dental floss to secure the connection so they cannot become unplugged.



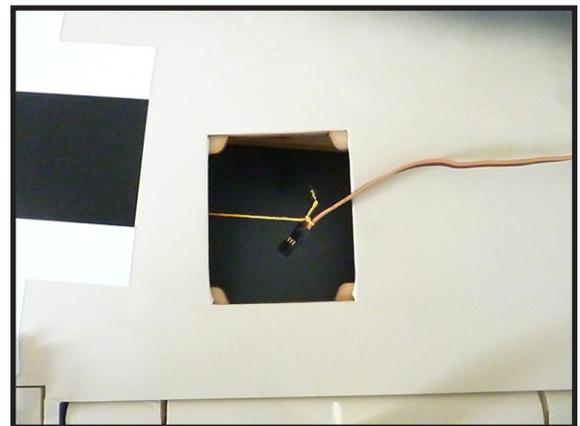
6) Secure the servo to the aileron hatch using Phillips screwdriver and the screws provided with the servo.

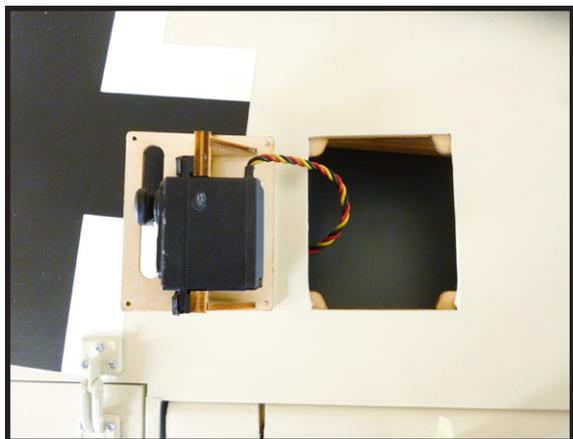


7) Apply 1-2 drops of thin C/A to each of the mounting tabs. Allow the C/A to cure without using accelerator.

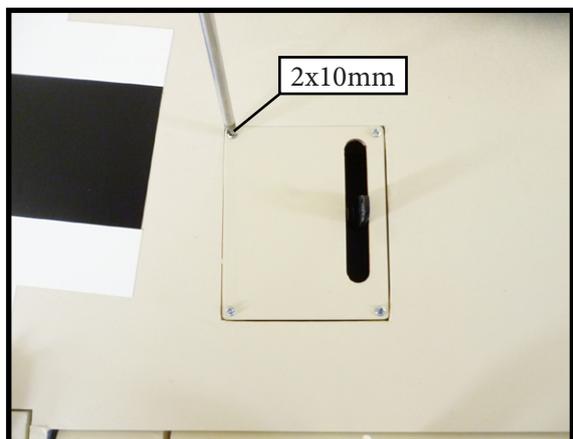


8) Remove the string from the wing at the servo location and use the tape to attach it to the servo extension lead. Pull the lead through the wing and remove the string.





9) Set the aileron hatch in place and use a Phillips screw driver to install it with four wood screws.



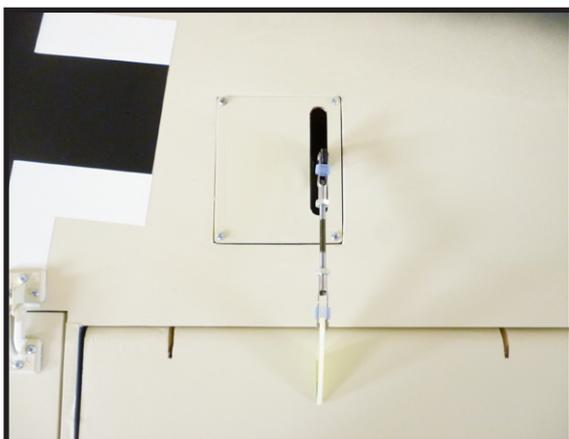
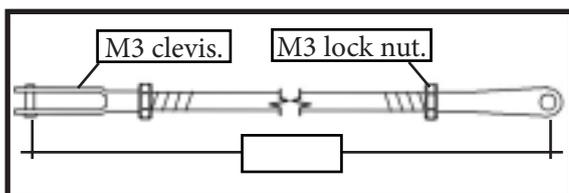
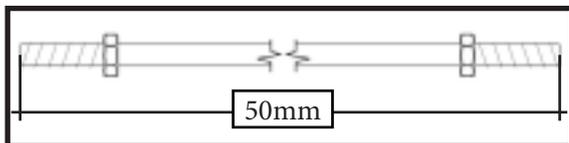
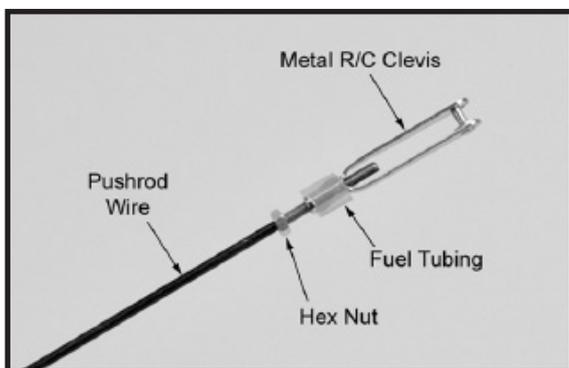
**INSTALLING THE FLAP SERVO.**

Repeat the procedure for the flap servo.



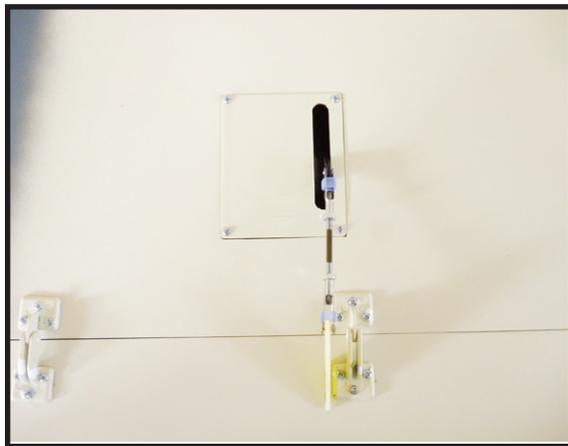
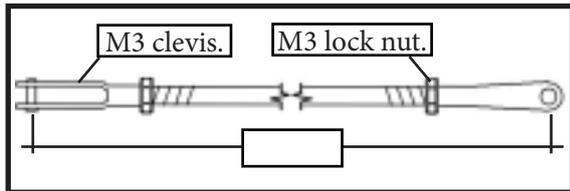
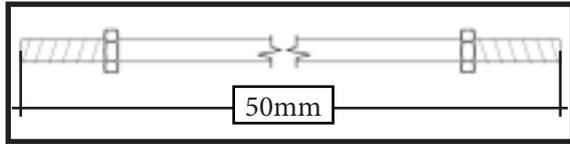
**AILERON PUSHROD HORN INSTALLATION.**

Please see below pictures.



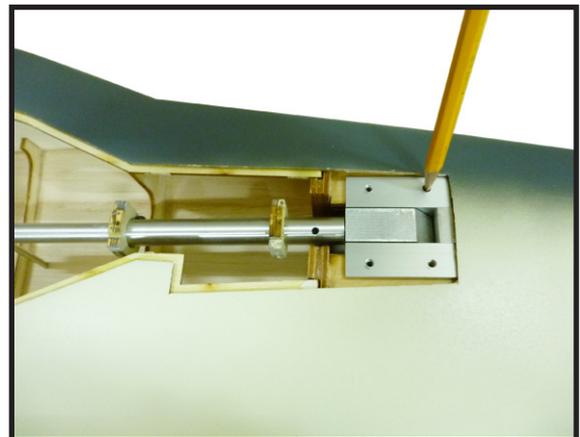
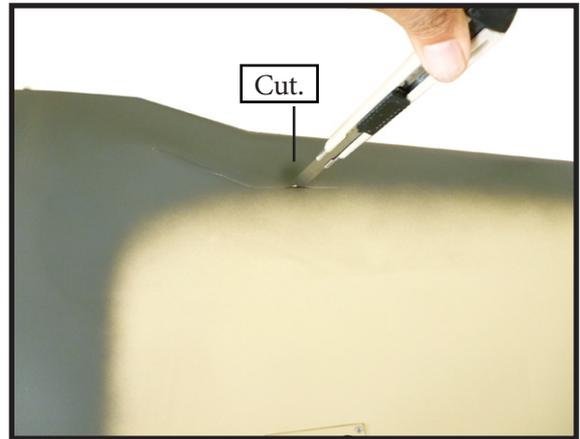
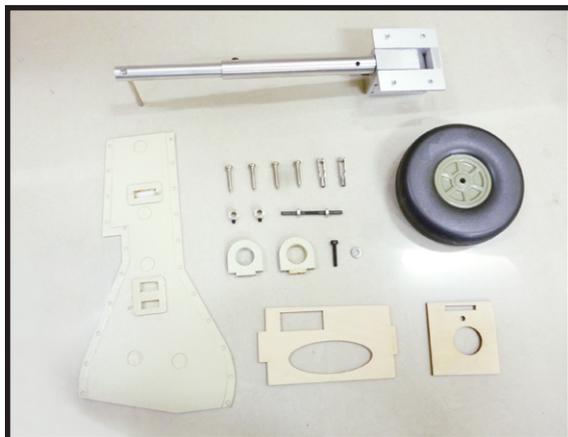
**INSTALLING THE FLAP PUSHROD.**

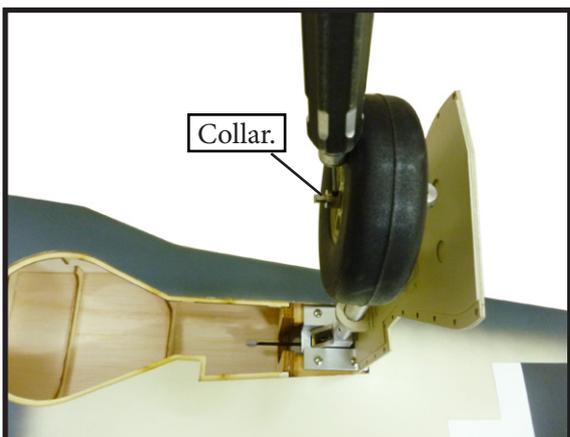
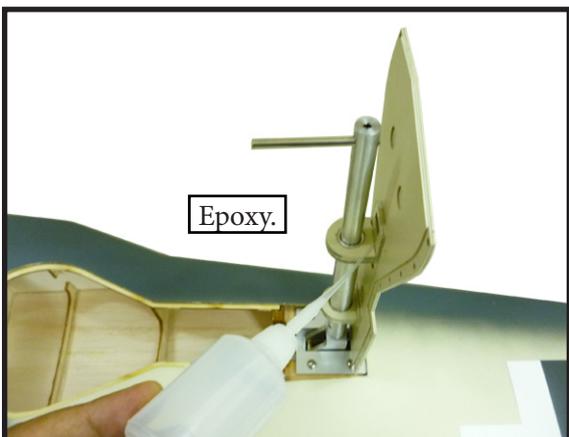
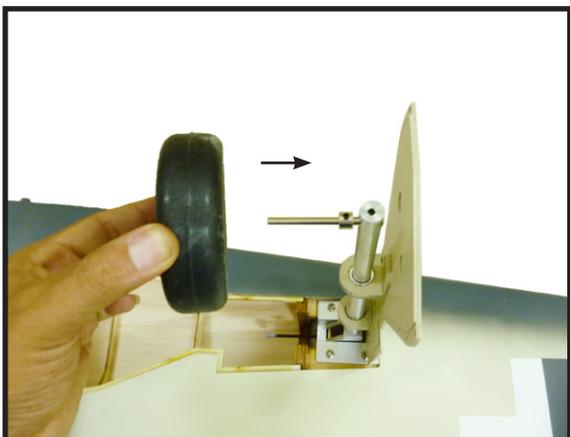
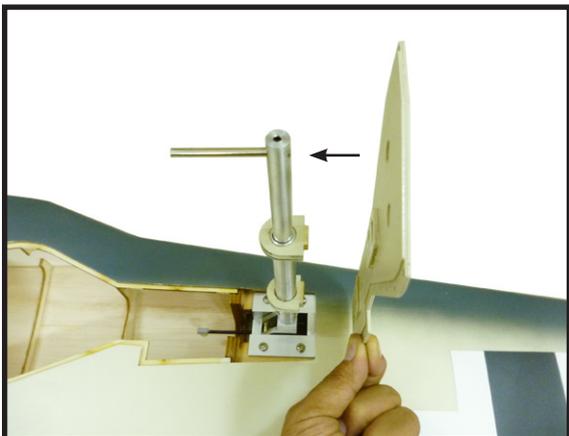
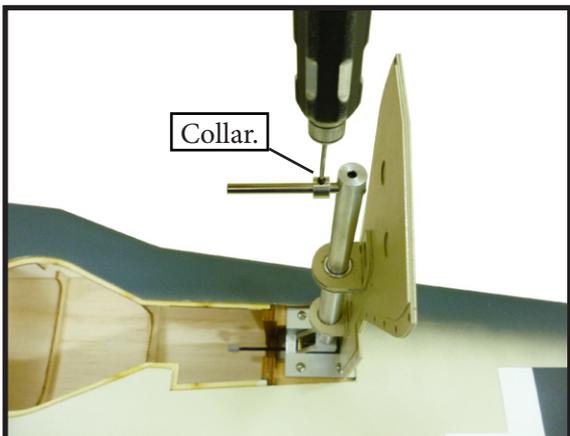
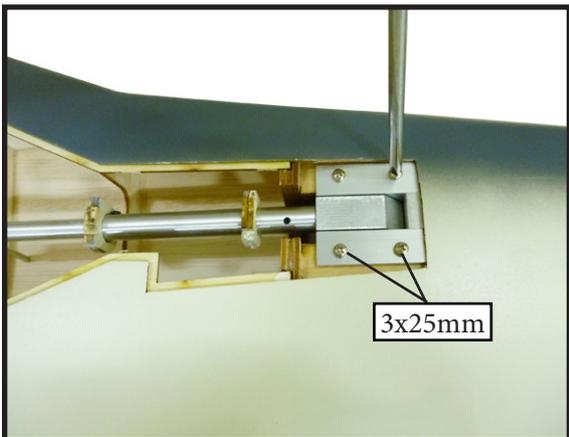
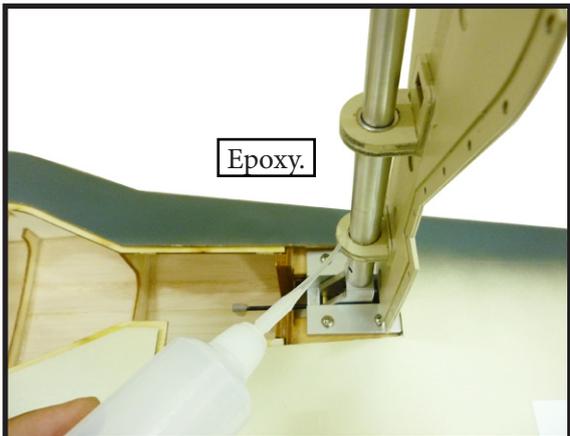
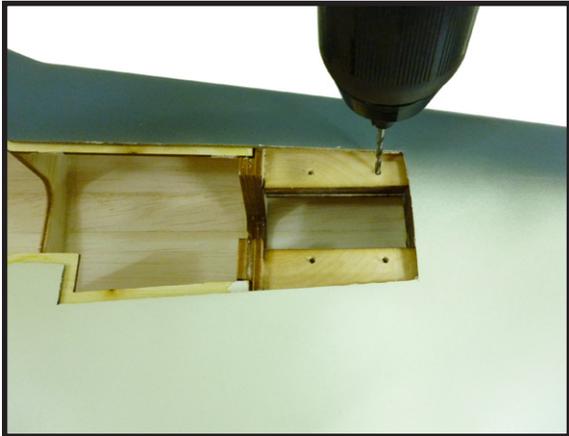
Repeat the procedure for the aileron pushrod.

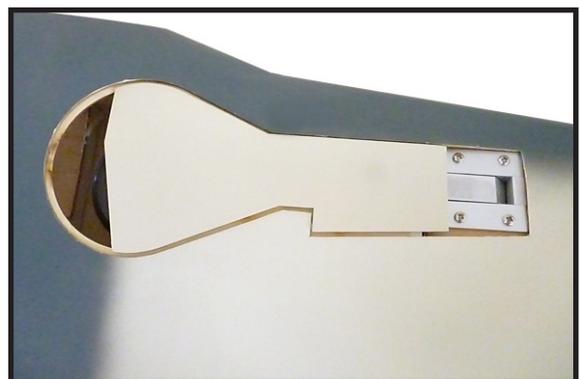
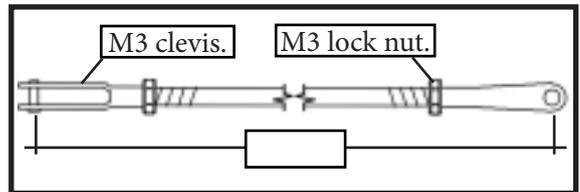
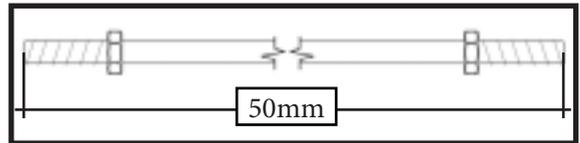
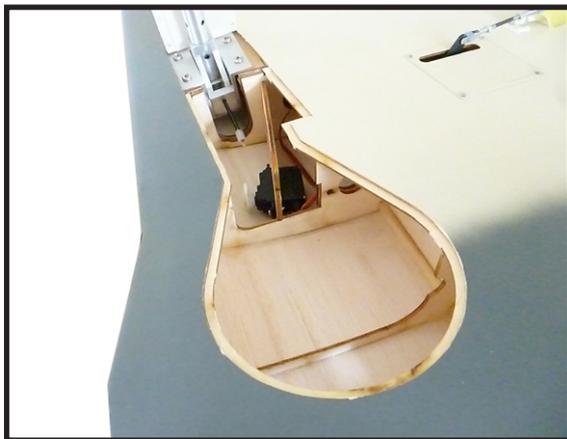
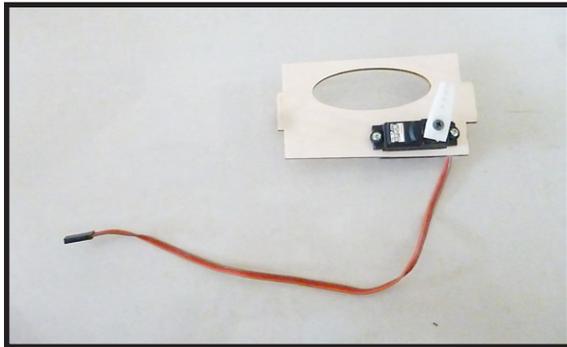
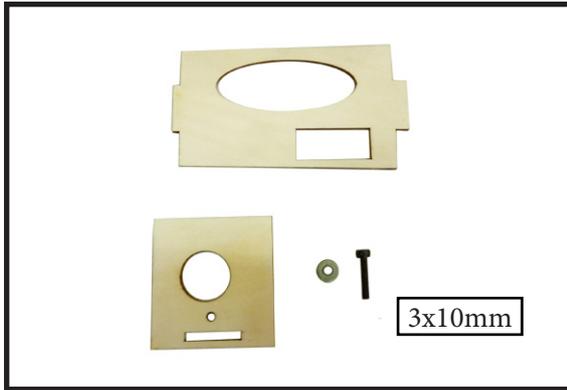


**STANDARD RETRACTABLE LANDING GEAR.**

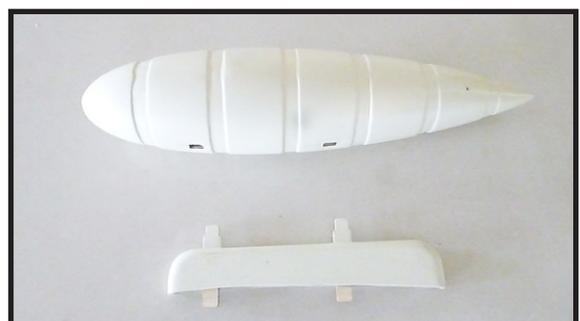
Please see below pictures.

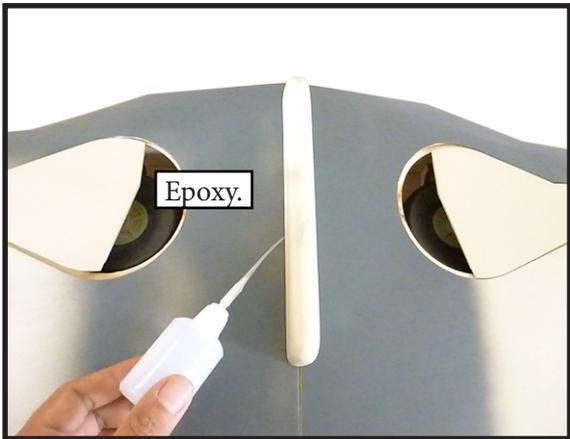
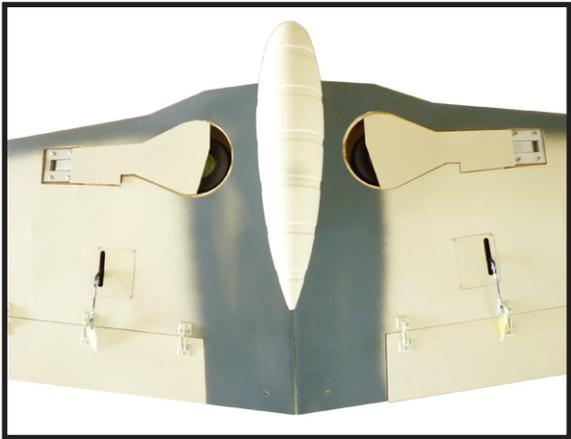
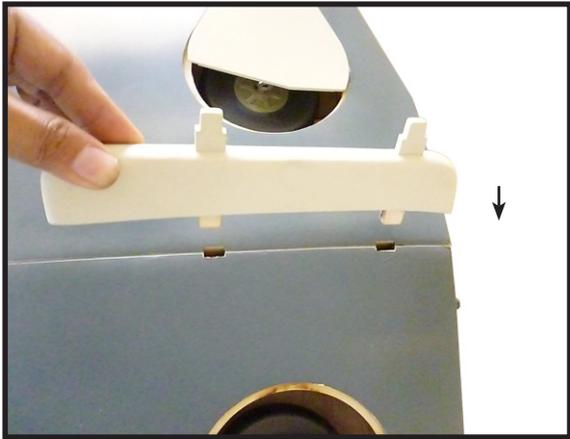




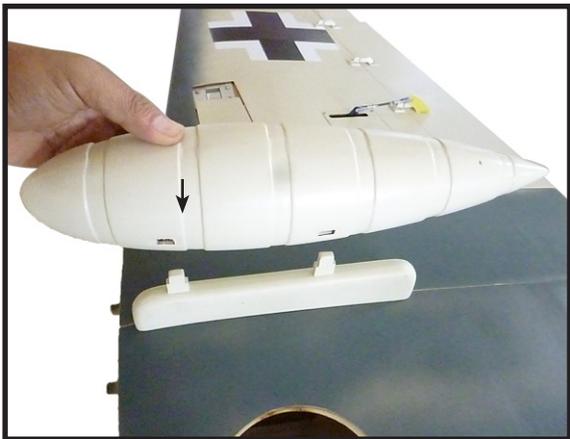
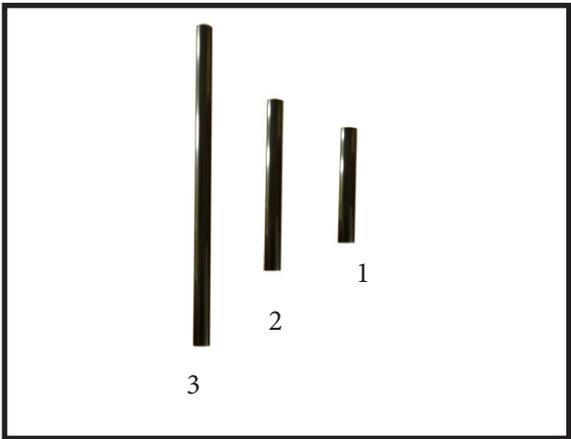


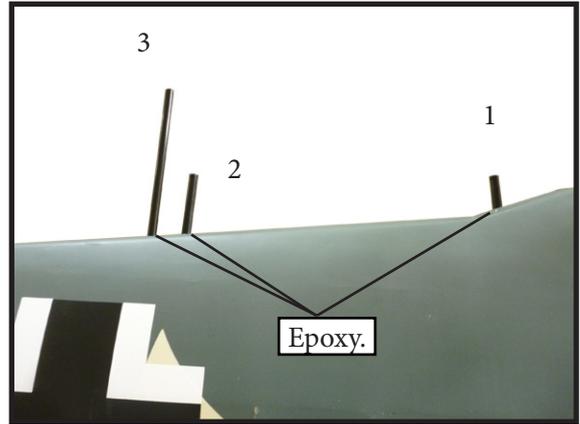
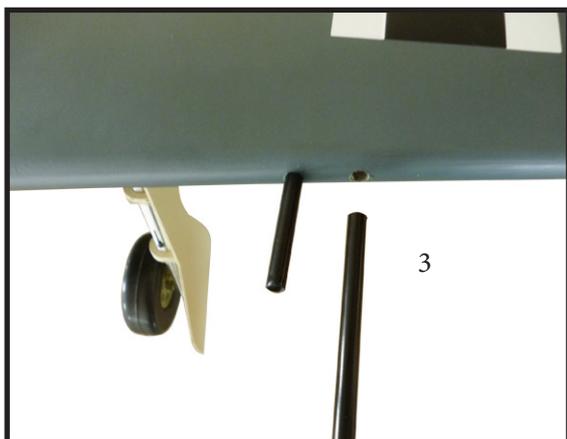
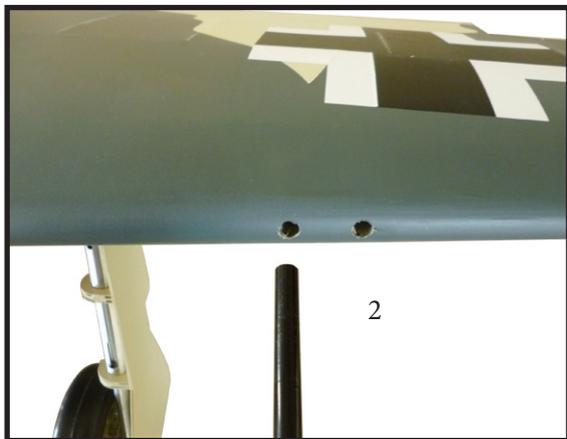
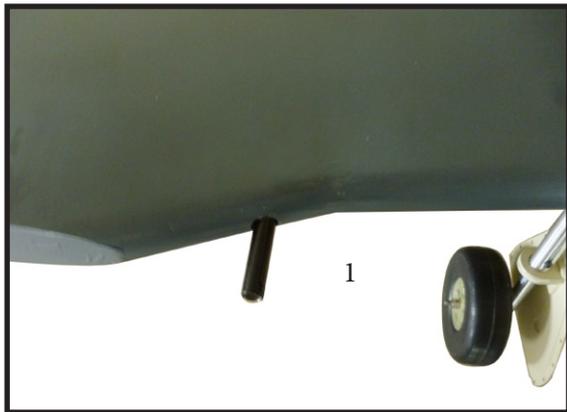
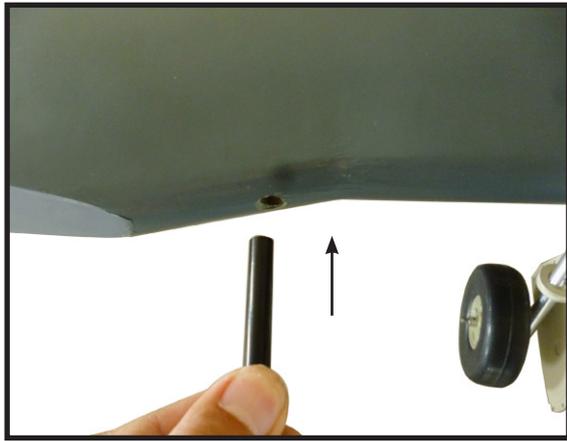
Insert bomb onto the wing.





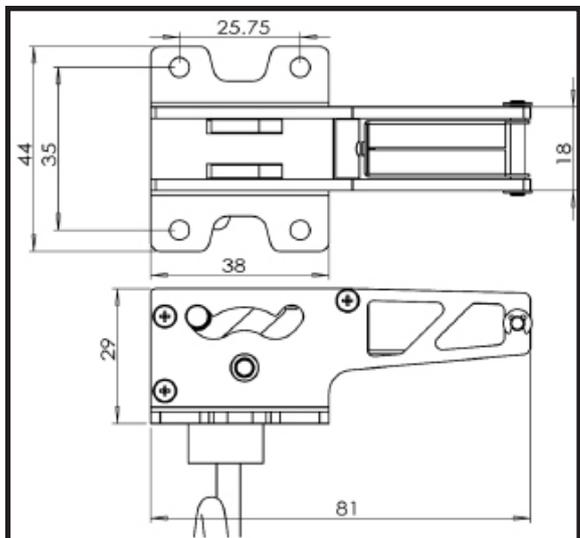
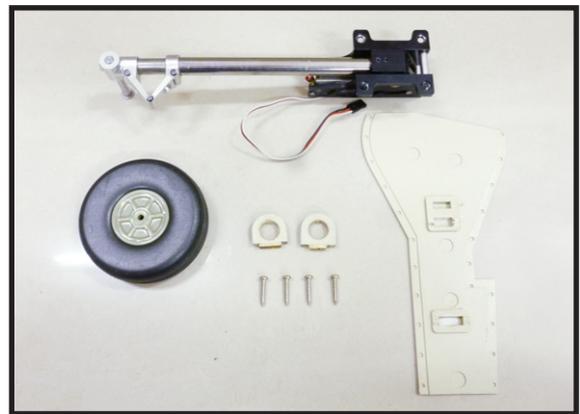
Insert the wing gun onto the wing.

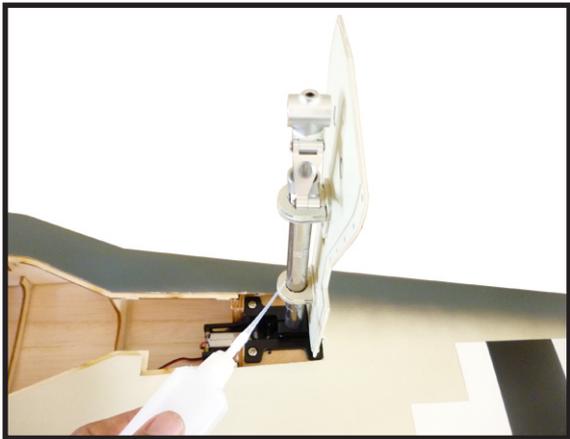
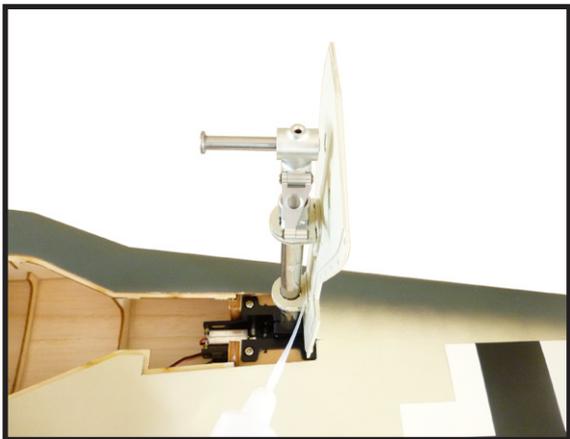
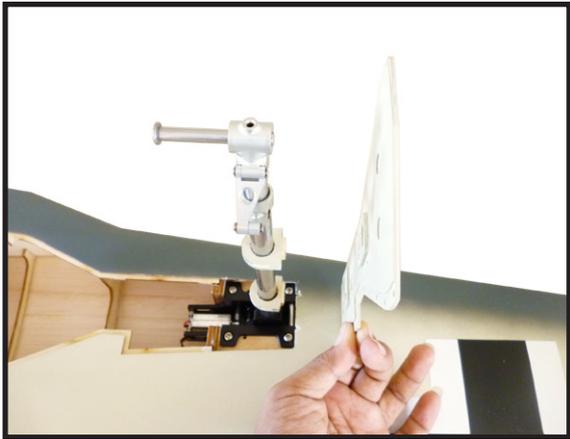
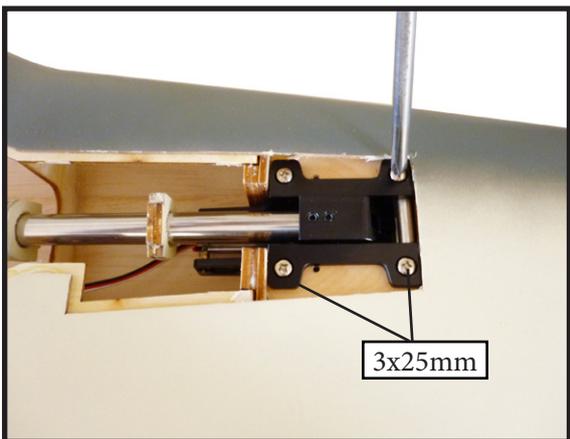
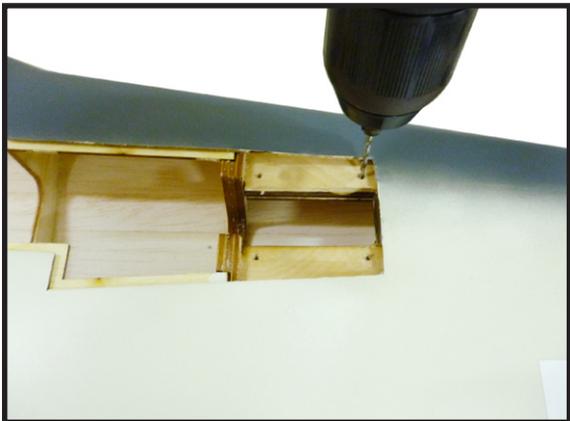
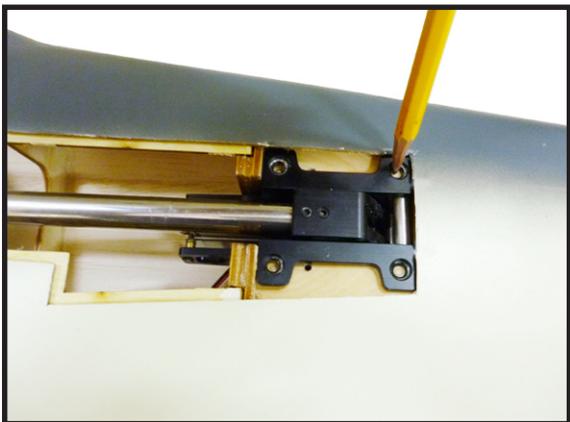
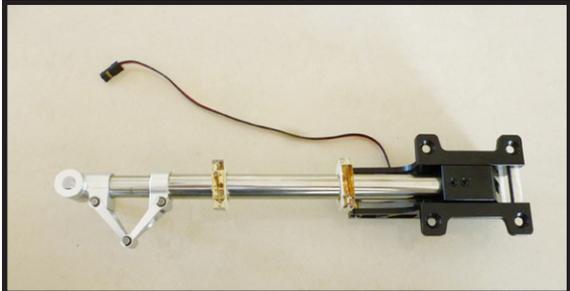


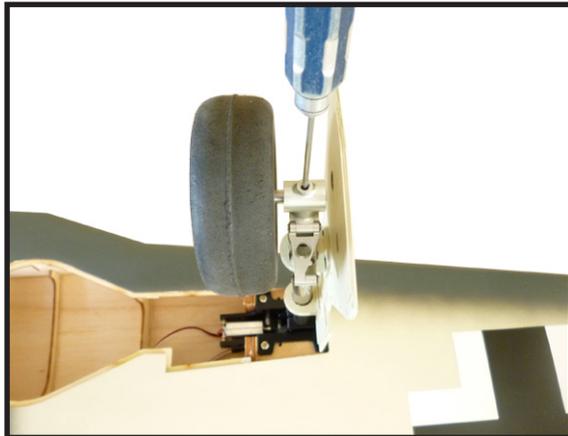
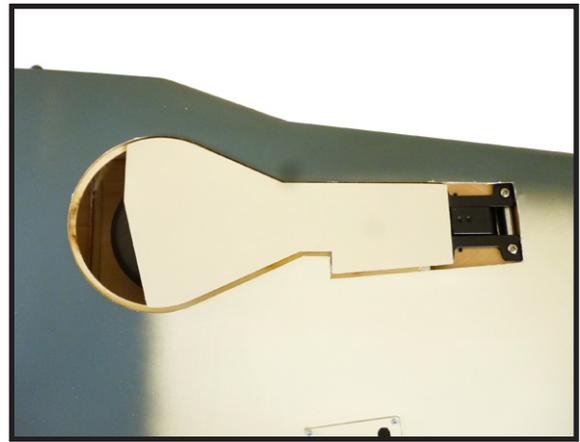
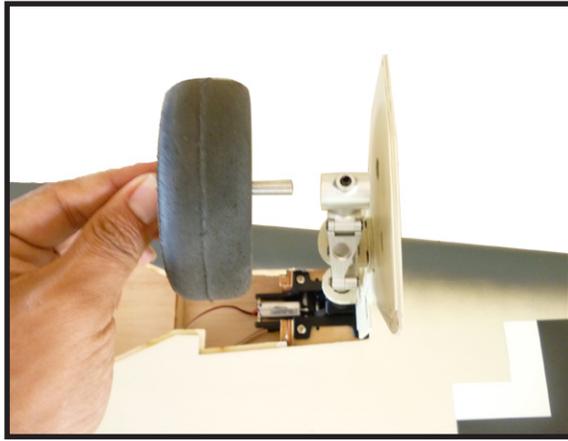


**OPTIONAL ELECTRIC RETRACT LANDING GEAR 33cc.**

Electric retract landing gear is not included in this kit, however it is a very popular add-on as optional. If you want to use retracts in your FW190, we recommend that you buy a good set of electric retracts as the Himark AM07 Main Gear shown as below. These retract units will bolt right into the FW190 in place of the standard fixed gear.







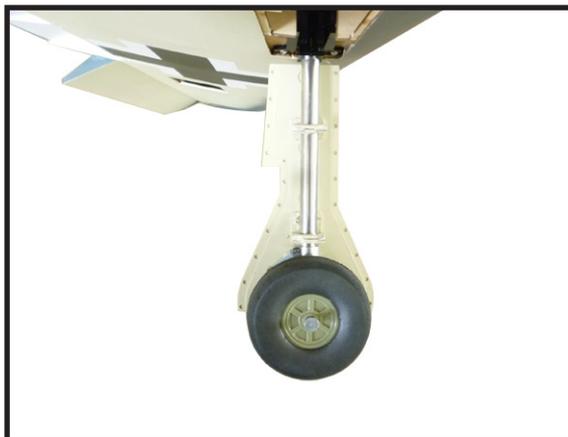
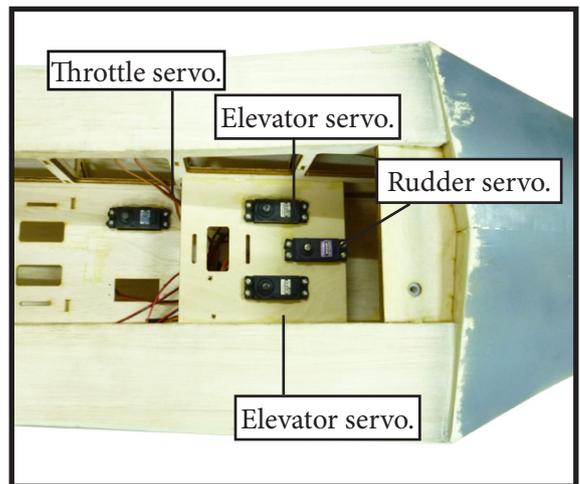
**INSTALLING THE FUSELAGE SERVOS.**

**!** Because the size of servos differ, you may need to adjust the size of the precut opening in the mount. The notch in the sides of the mount allow the servo lead to pass through.

1) Install the rubber grommets and brass collets onto all servos. Test fit the servos into the servo mounts.

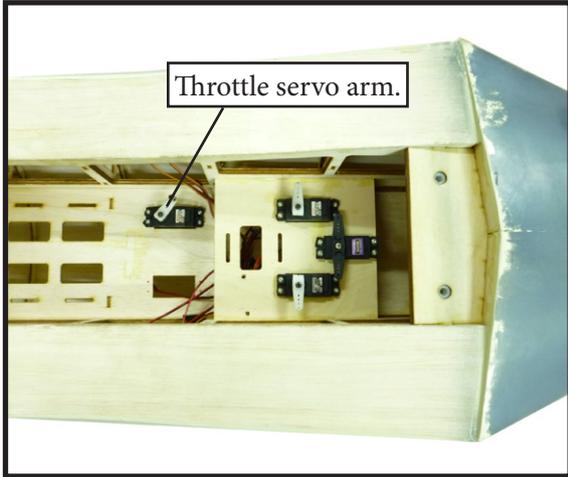
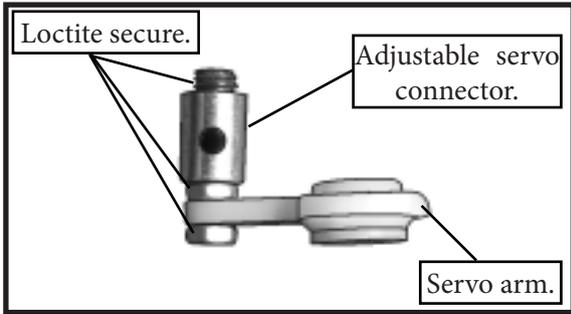


2) Secure the servos with the screws provided with your radio system.



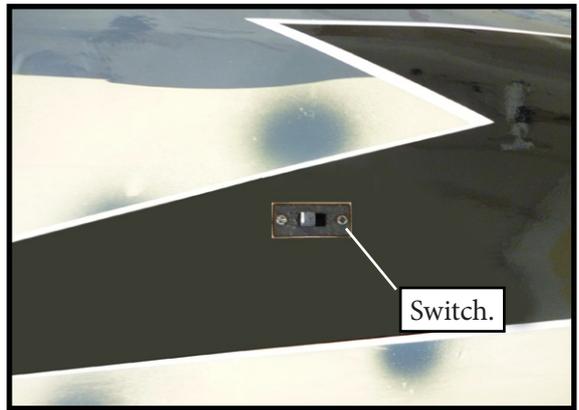
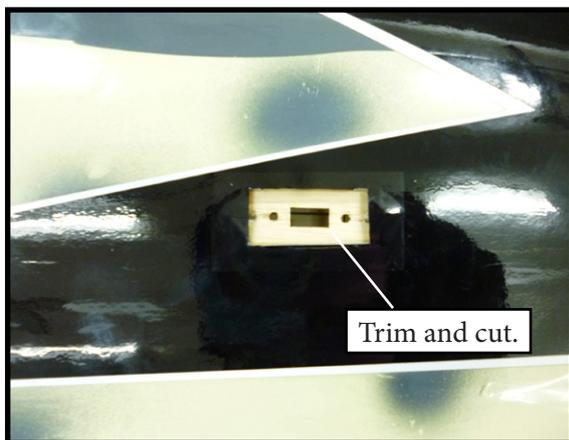
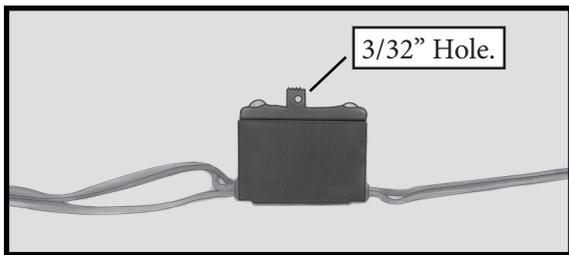
**THROTTLE SERVO ARM INSTALLATION.**

Install adjustable servo connector in the servo arm as same as picture below:

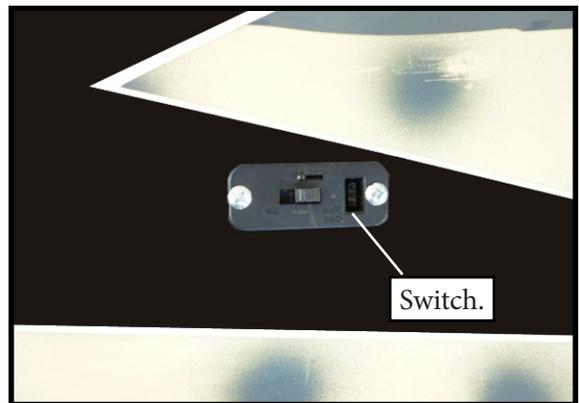
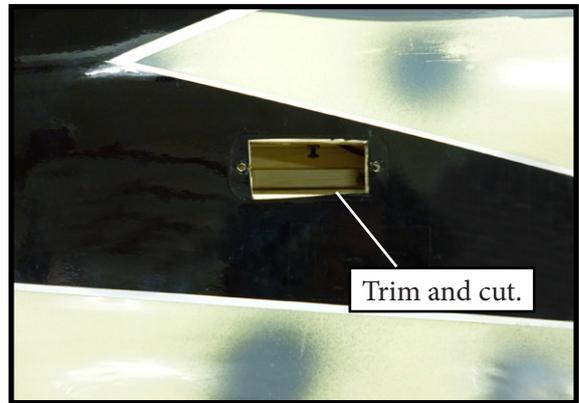


**INSTALLING THE RECEIVER SWITCH.**

Install the switch into the precut hole in the side, in the fuselage.



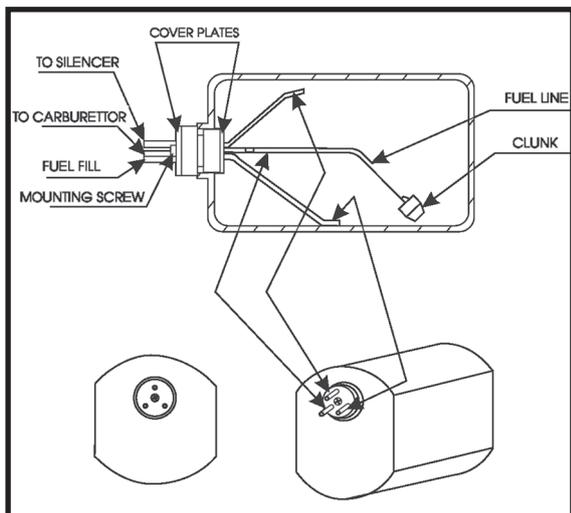
**INSTALLING THE ENGINE SWITCH.**



**INSTALLING THE STOPPER ASSEMBLY.**

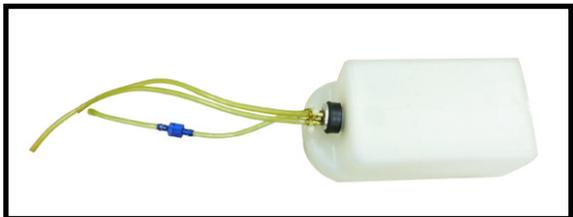
1) Using a modeling knife, carefully cut off the rear portion of one of the 3 nylon tubes leaving 1/2" protruding from the rear of the stopper. This will be the fuel pick up tube.

2) Using a modeling knife, cut one length of silicon fuel line. Connect one end of the line to the weighted fuel pick up and the other end to the nylon pick up tube.

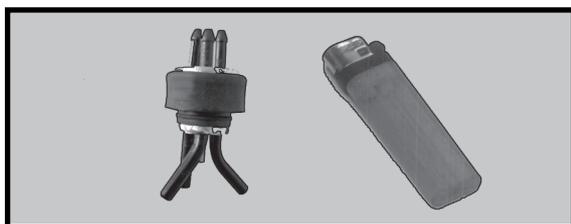


6) When satisfied with the alignment of the stopper assembly tighten the 3 x 20mm machine screw until the rubber stopper expands and seals the tank opening. Do not over-tighten the assembly as this could cause the tank to split.

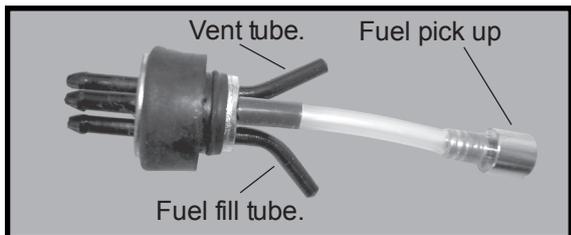
**FUEL TANK INSTALLATION.**



**!** *You should mark which tube is the vent and which is the fuel pickup when you attach fuel tubing to the tubes in the stopper. Once the tank is installed inside the fuselage, it may be difficult to determine which is which.*



7) Slide the fuel tank into the fuselage. Guide the lines from the tank through the hole in the firewall.



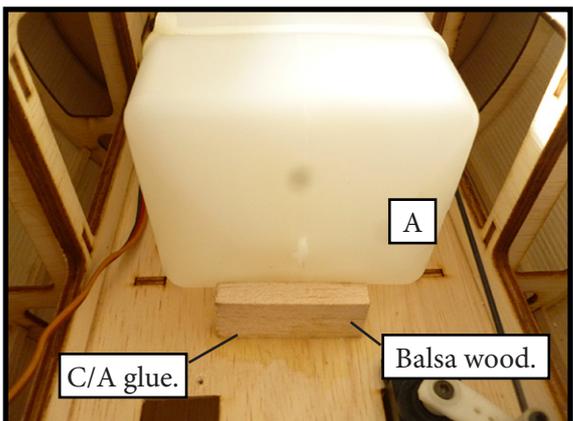
8) Use Cable Ties to fix the fuel tank into place.



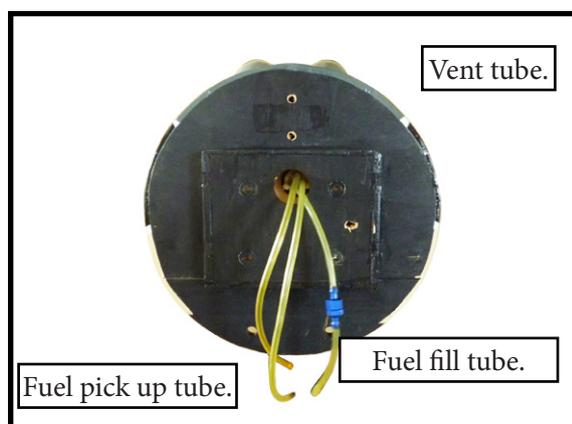
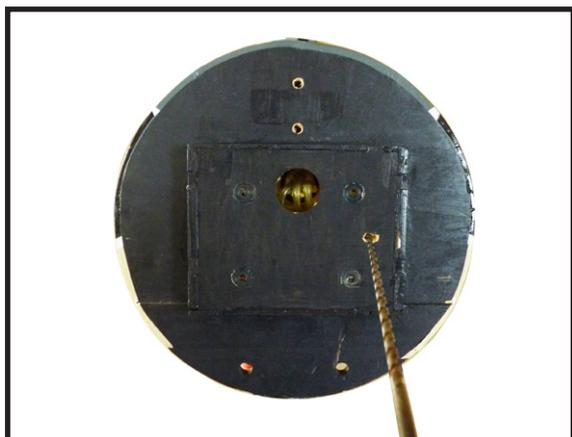
3) Carefully bend the second tube up at a 45° angle. This tube is the vent tube.

4) Test fit the stopper assembly into the tank. It may be necessary to remove some of the flashing around the tank opening using a modeling knife. If flashing is present, make sure none falls into the tank.

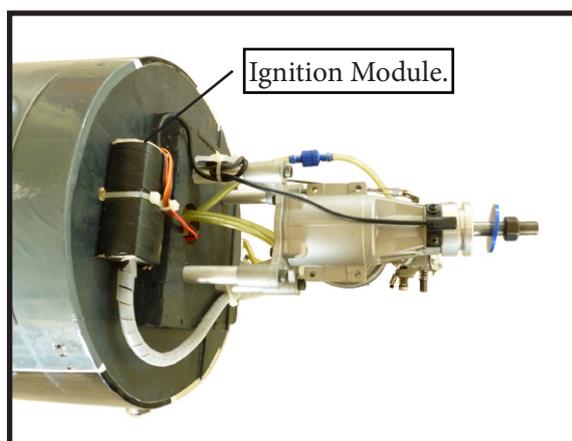
5) With the stopper assembly in place, the weighted pick-up should rest away from the rear of the tank and move freely inside the tank. The top of the vent tube should rest just below the top of the tank. It should not touch the top of the tank.



9) Drill a hole for the throttle pushrod.



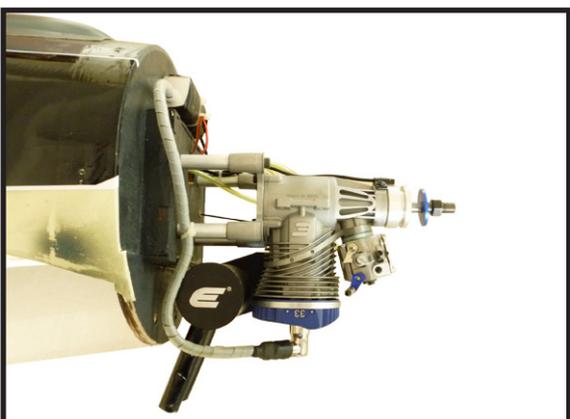
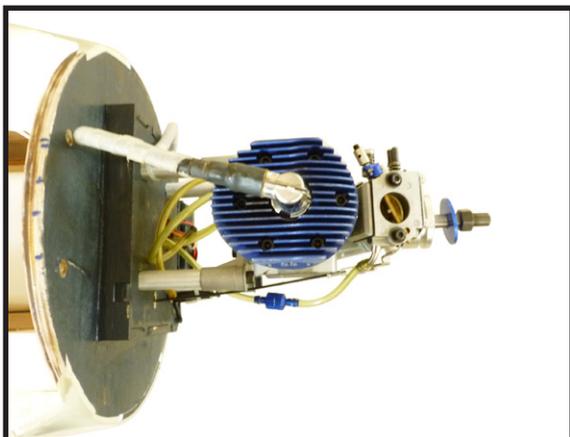
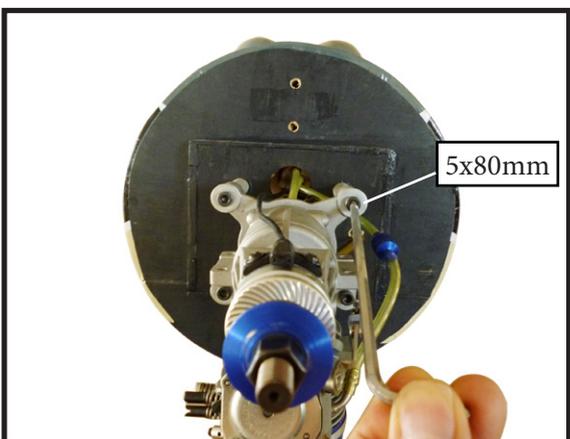
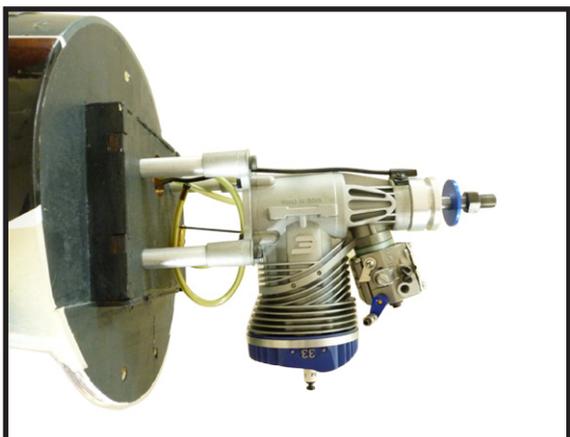
10) Connect the lines from the tank to the engine and muffler. The vent line will connect to the muffler and the line from the tank to the carburetor.

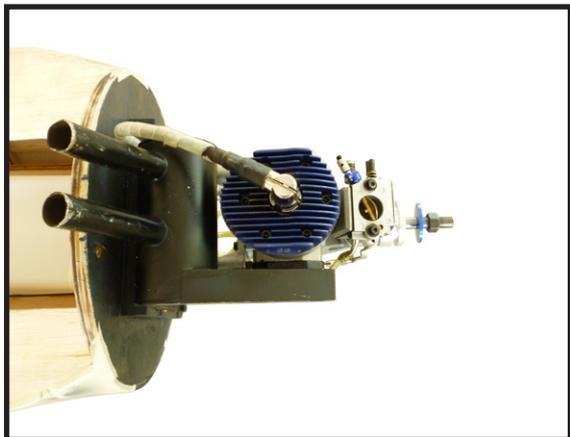


⚠ Blow through one of the lines to ensure the fuel lines have not become kinked inside the fuel tank compartment. Air should flow through easily.

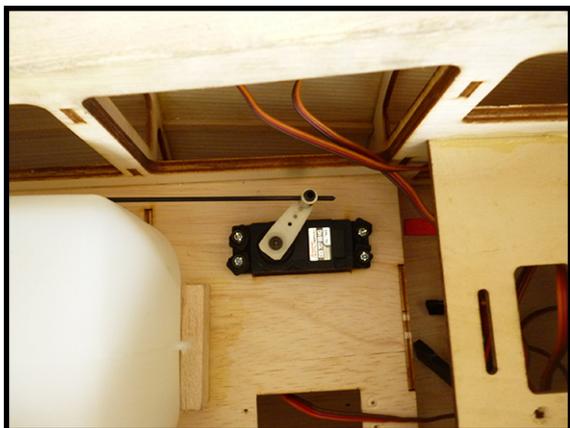
**MOUNTING THE ENGINE .**

Please see below pictures.

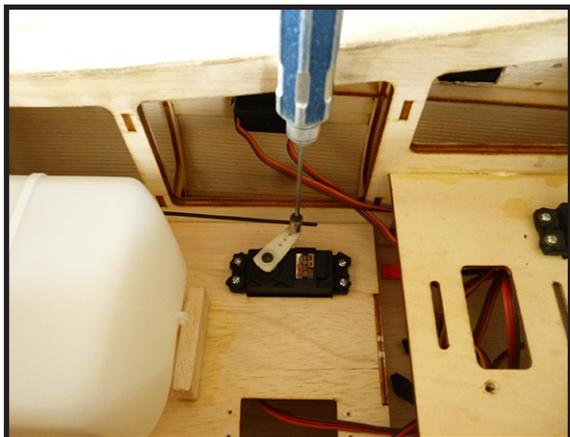




Reinstall the servo horn by sliding the connector over the pushrod wire. Center the throttle stick and trim and install the servo horn perpendicular to the servo center line.

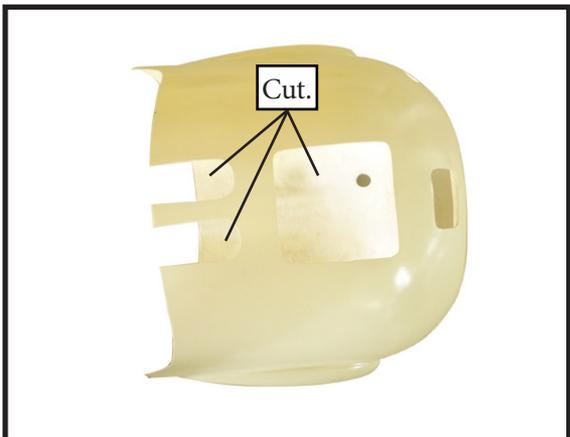
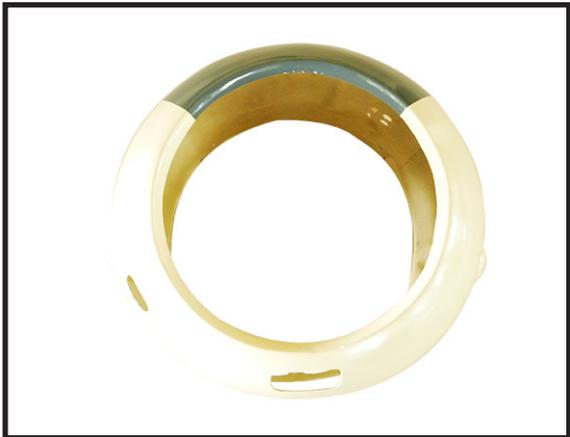


Move the throttle stick to the closed position and move the carburetor to closed. Use a 2.5mm hex wrench to tighten the screw that secures the throttle pushrod wire. Make sure to use threadlock on the screw so it does not vibrate loose.



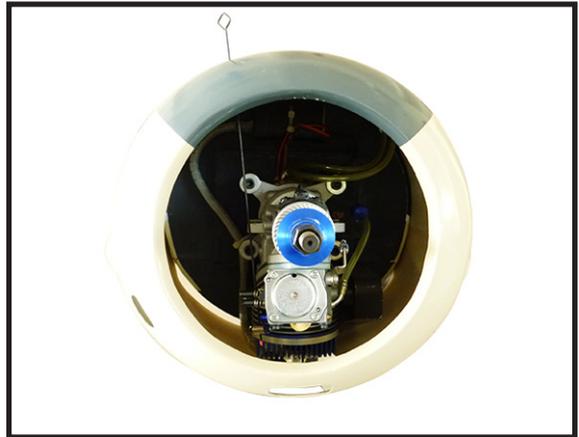
**COWLING.**

Please see these below pictures.

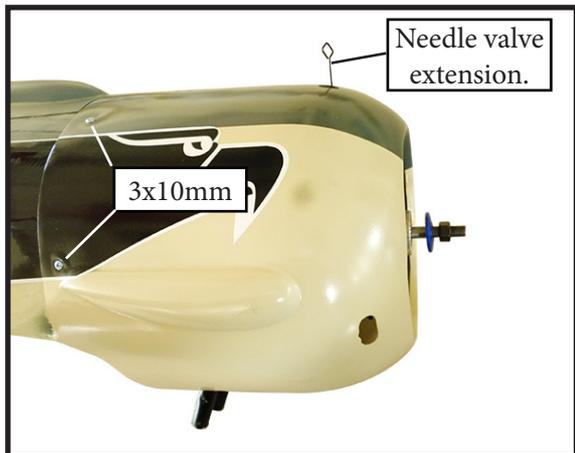
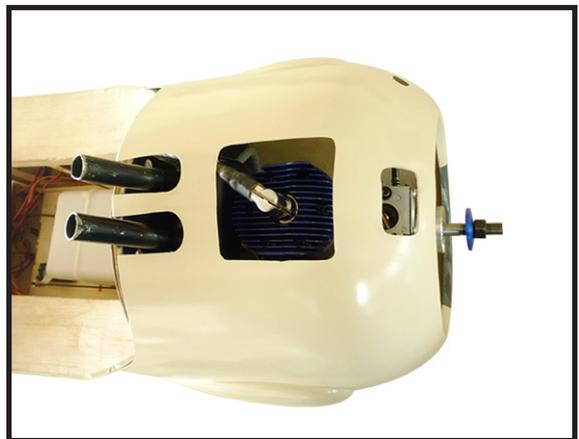




*Because of the size of the cowl, it may be necessary to use a needle valve extension for the high speed needle valve. Make this out of sufficient length 1.5mm wire and install it into the end of the needle valve. Secure the wire in place by tightening the set screw in the side of the needle valve.*

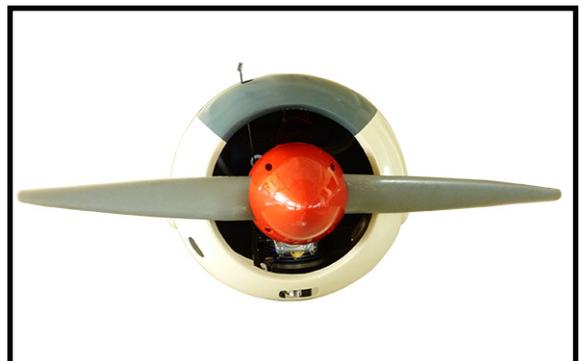


1) With the muffler, needle valve, and spark/glow plug removed from the engine, slide the cowl in place over the engine. Temporarily install the propeller and spinner in order to find the exact location of the cowl. When satisfied with the cowl placement, secure the cowl to the fuselage using masking tape.

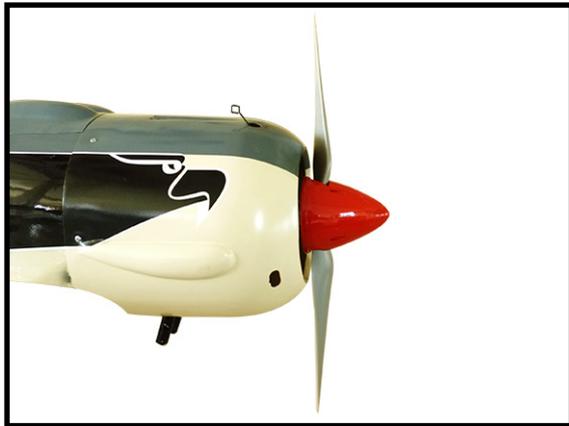


**INSTALLING THE SPINNER.**

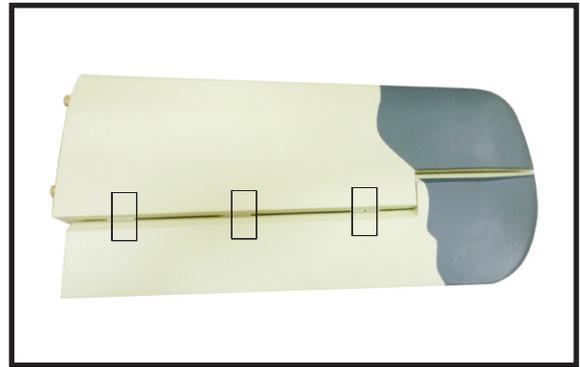
2) Install the muffler and muffler extension onto the engine and make the cutout in the cowl for muffler clearance. Connect the fuel and pressure lines to the carburetor, muffler and fuel filler valve. Secure the cowl to fuselage using the M3x10mm screws.



⚠ The propeller should not touch any part of the spinner cone. If it does, use a sharp modeling knife and carefully trim away the spinner cone where the propeller comes in contact with it.



**HINGING THE ELEVATOR.**



**INSTALL ELEVATOR CONTROL HORN.**

Install the elevator control horn using the same method as same as the aileron control horns.

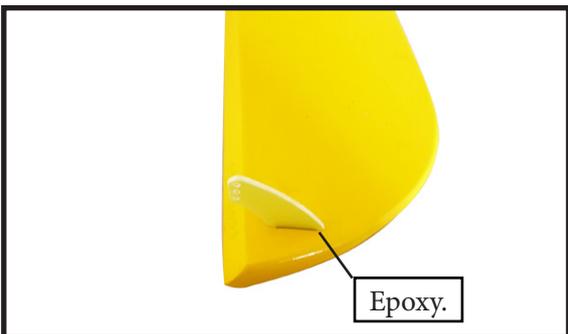


Use knife to remove covering



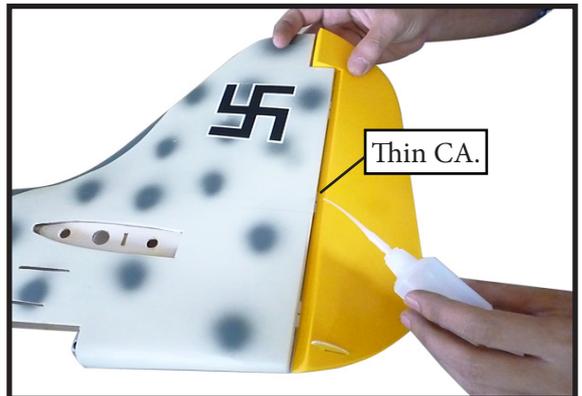
### INSTALL RUDDER CONTROL HORN.

Repeat steps to install the rudder control horn as same as steps done for ailerons.



### INSTALLING RUDDER HINGE.

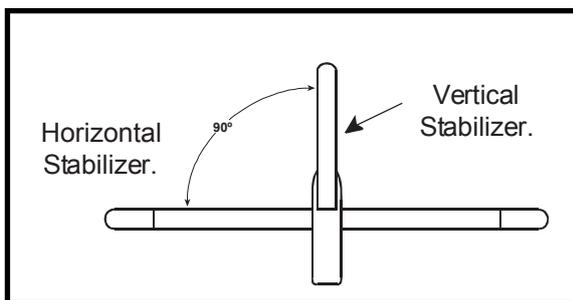
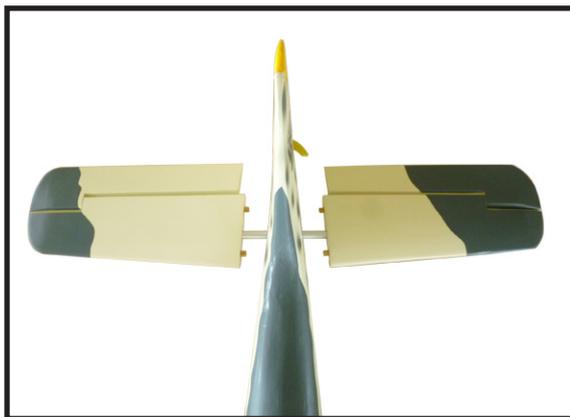
Glue the rudder hinges in place using the same techniques used to hinge the elevator.



**INSTALLING HORIZONTAL STABILIZER.**

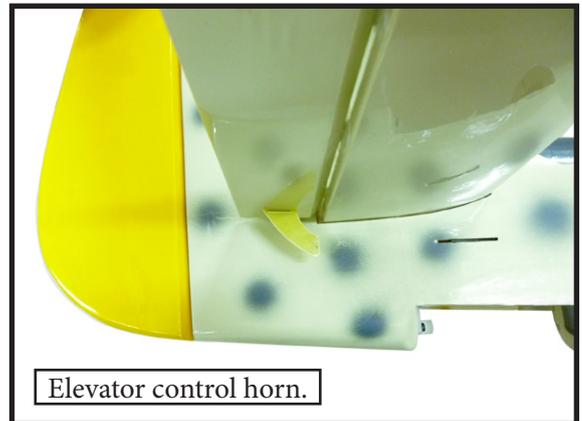


Use Epoxy Glue to glue the Horizontal Stabilizer to the fuselage.

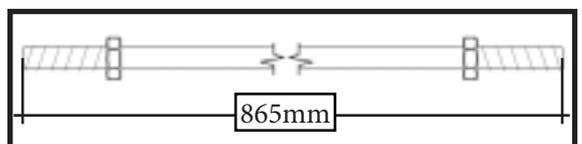
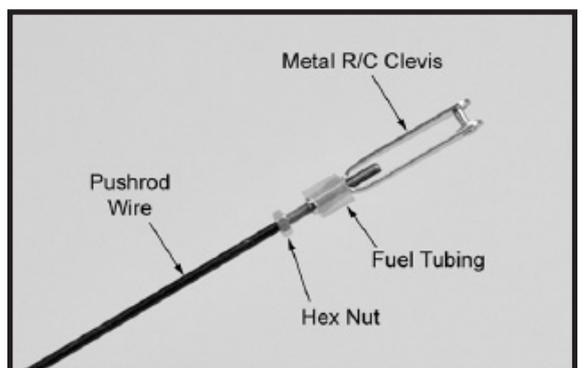


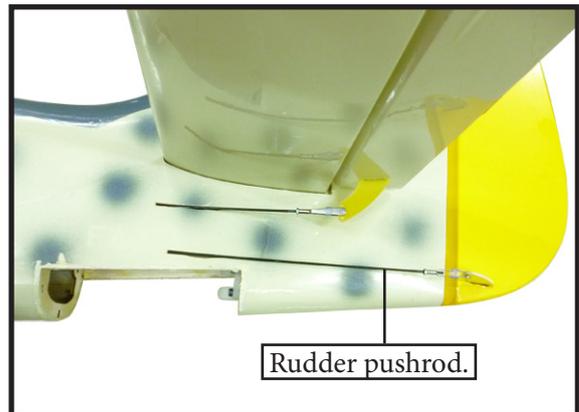
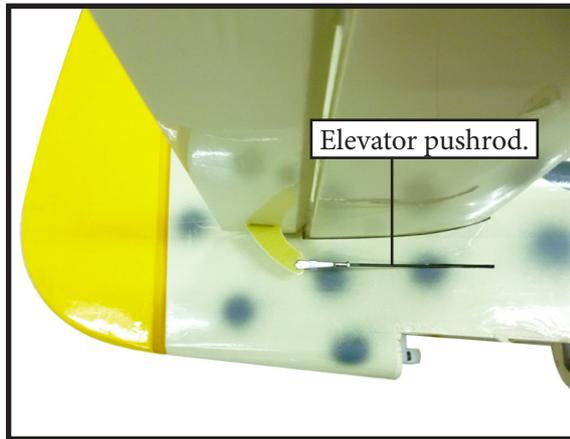
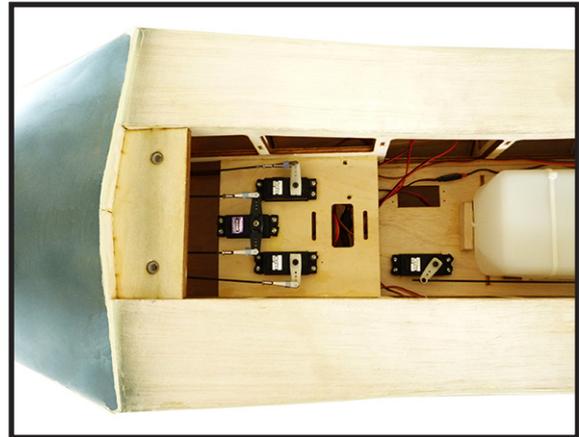
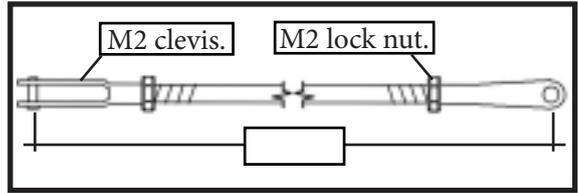
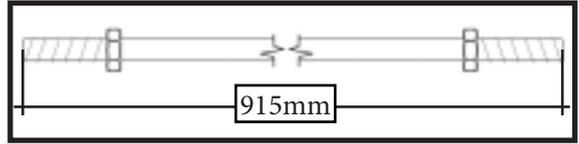
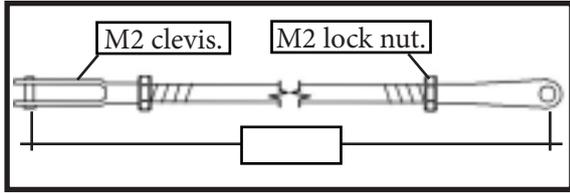
**ELEVATOR PUSHROD HORN INSTALLATION.**

1) Locate items necessary to install elevator pushrod.



2) Elevator pushrods assembly as pictures below.

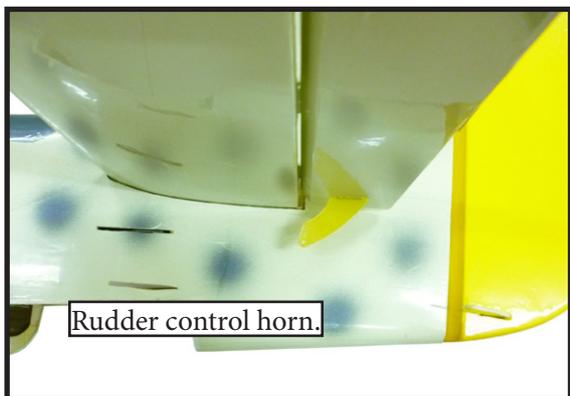




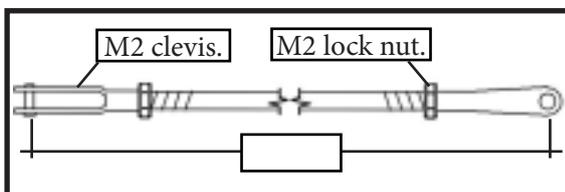
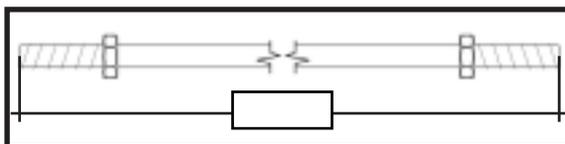
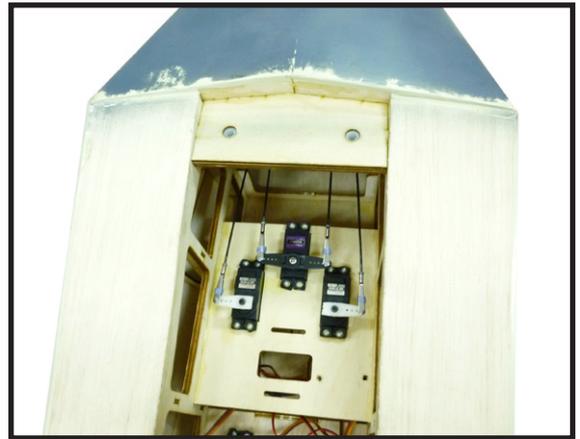
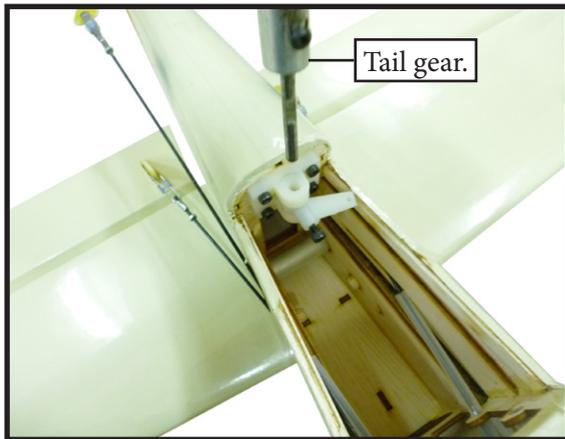
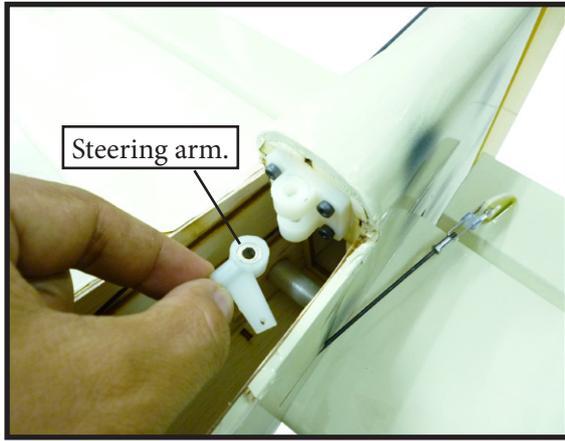
**RUDDER PUSHROD HORN INSTALLATION.**

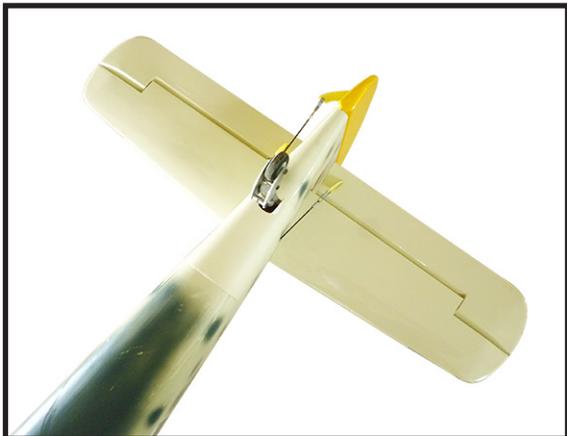
1) Locate items necessary to install rudder pushrod.

**MOUNTING THE TAIL WHEEL.**



2) Rudder pushrods assembly as pictures below.





**INSTALLATION PILOT AND CANOPY.**

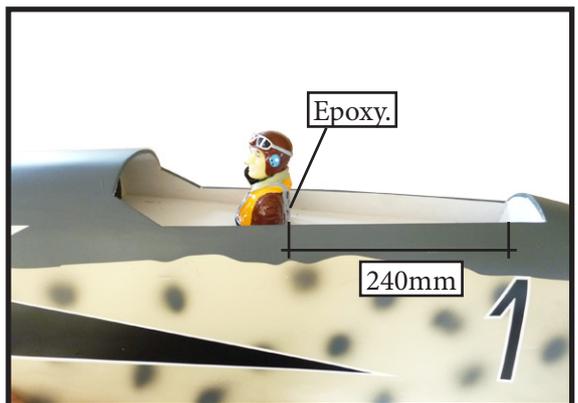
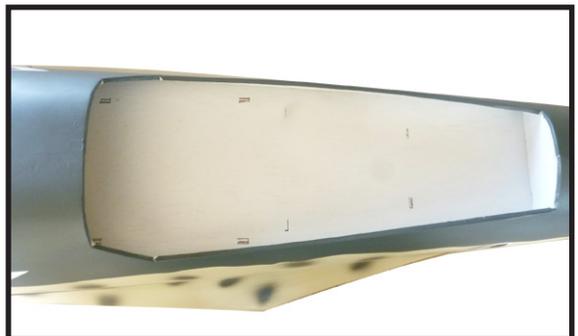
1) Locate items necessary to install pilot, seats.



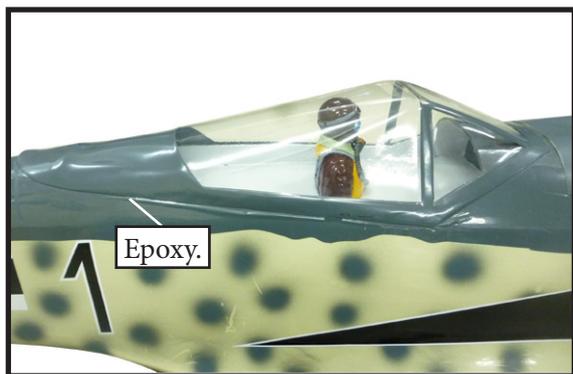
2) A scale pilot is included with this ARF. The Seagull Pilot included fitting well to the cockpit. (or you can order others scale pilot figures made by Seagull factory. They are available at Seagull distributors.)

If you are going to install a pilot figure, please use a sanding bar to sand the base of the figure so that it is flat.

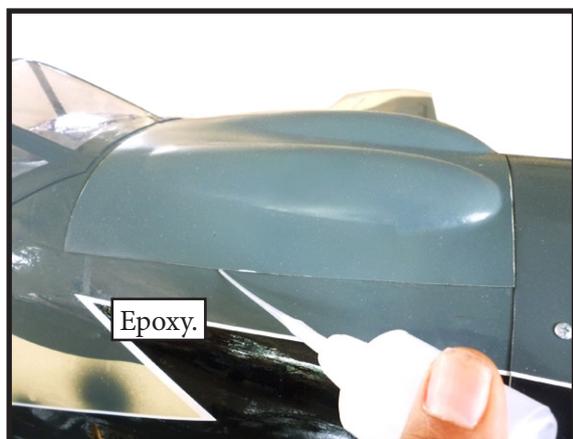
3) Position the pilot figure on the canopy floor as shown. Use epoxy to glue the base of the pilot figure to the cockpit floor, please see pictures as shown.



4) Position the canopy onto the fuselage. Trace around the canopy and onto the fuselage using a felt-tipped pen. Carefully cut and remove covering material from the fuselage where the canopy makes contact, exposing the bare wood. Then permanently glue the canopy in place with epoxy glue or special “canopy glue”.



5) Insert plastic cover on the fuselage as below pictures.



**APPLY THE DECALS.**

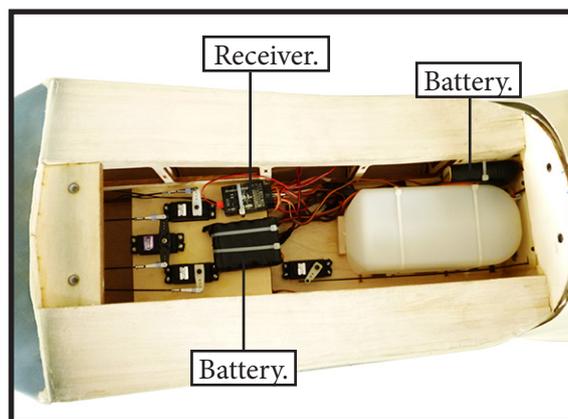
1) If all the decals are precut and ready to stick. Please be certain the model is clean and free from oily fingerprints and dust. Position decal on the model where desired, using the photos on the box and aid in their location.

2) If all the decals are not precut, please use scissors or a sharp hobby knife to cut the decals from the sheet. Please be certain the model is clean and free from oily fingerprints and dust. Position decal on the model where desired, using the photos on the box and aid in their location.

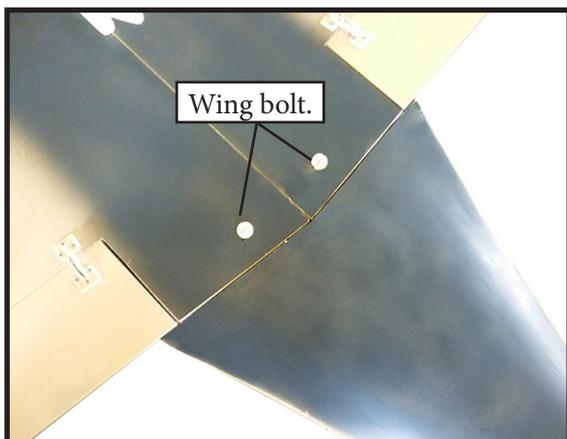
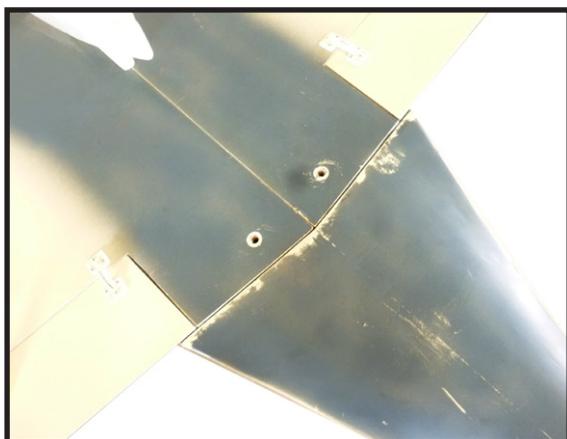
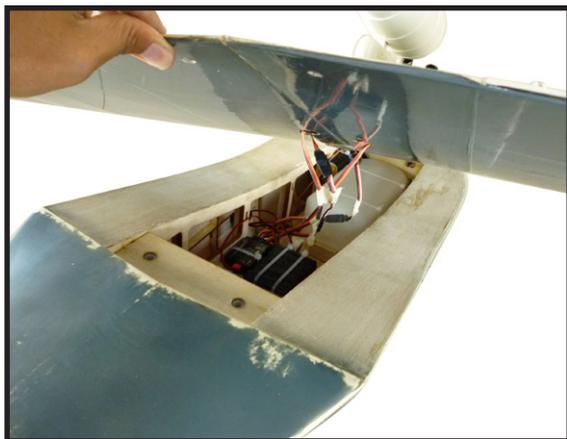
**INSTALLING BATTERY - RECEIVER.**

1) Plug the five servo leads and the switch lead into the receiver. Plug the battery pack lead into the switch also.

2) Wrap the receiver and battery pack in the protective foam rubber to protect them from vibration.



**ATTACHMENT WING- FUSELAGE.**



**BALANCING.**

1) It is critical that your airplane be balanced correctly. Improper balance will cause your plane to lose control and crash. THE CENTER OF GRAVITY IS LOCATED **69MM** BACK FROM THE LEADING EDGE OF THE WING AT THE WING ROOT.

2) Mount the wing to the fuselage. Using a couple of pieces of masking tape, place them on the top of the wing **69mm** back from the leading edge of the wing at the wing root.

3) With the model inverted, place your fingers on the masking tape and carefully lift the plane.

Accurately mark the balance point on the top of the wing on both sides of the fuselage. The balance point is located **69mm** back from the leading edge of the wing at the wing root. This is the balance point at which your model should balance for your first flights. Later, you may wish to experiment by shifting the balance up to 10mm forward or back to change the flying characteristics. Moving the balance forward may improve the smoothness and arrow-like tracking, but it may then require more speed for take off and make it more difficult to slow down for landing. Moving the balance aft makes the model more agile with a lighter and snappier "feel". In any case, please start at the location we recommend.

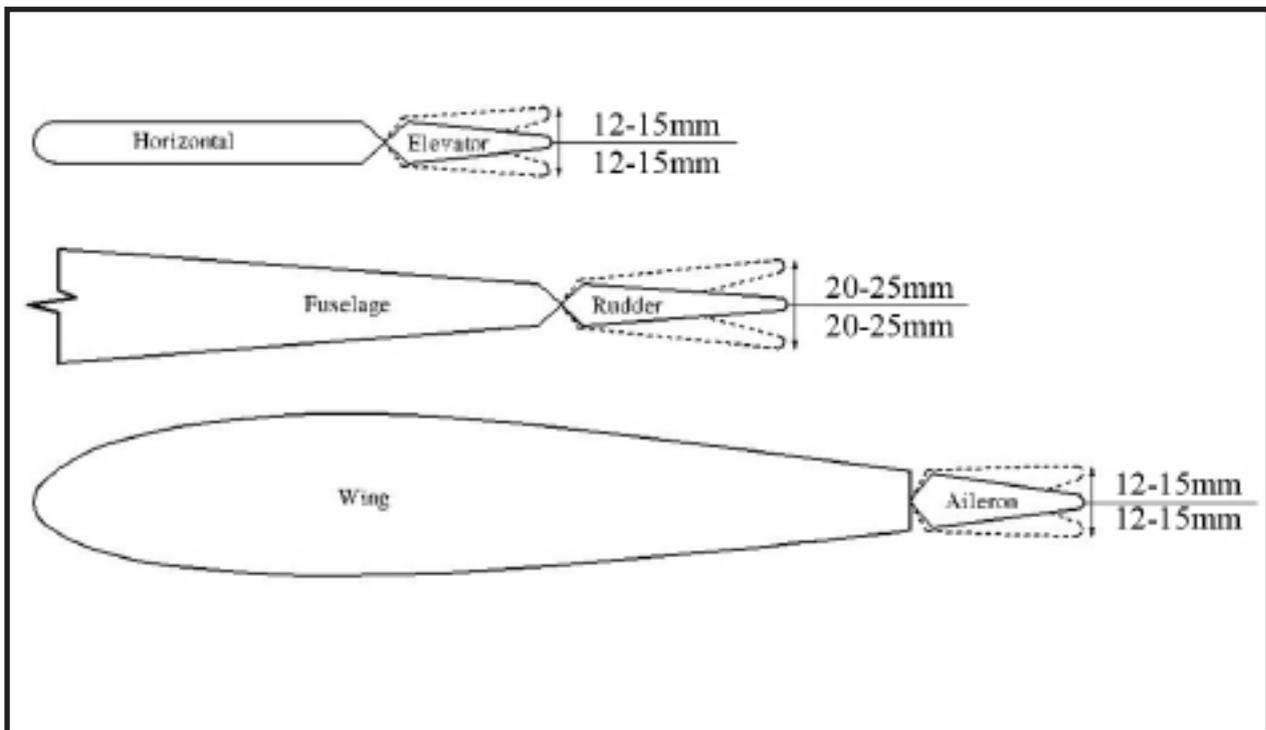
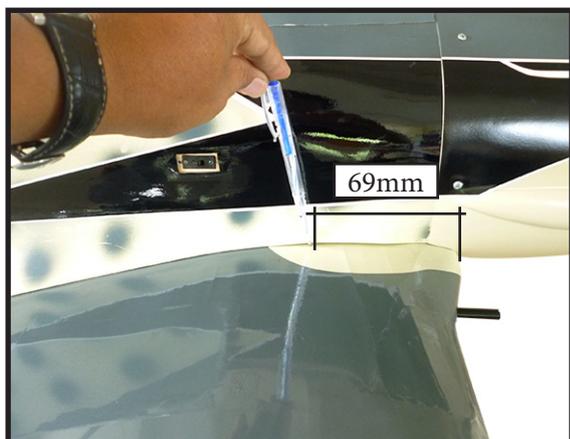
With the wing attached to the fuselage, all parts of the model installed ( ready to fly), and empty fuel tanks, hold the model at the marked balance point with the stabilizer level.

Lift the model. If the tail drops when you lift, the model is “tail heavy” and you must add weight\* to the nose. If the nose drops, it is “nose heavy” and you must add weight\* to the tail to balance.

\*If possible, first attempt to balance the model by changing the position of the receiver battery and receiver. If you are unable to obtain good balance by doing so, then it will be necessary to add weight to the nose or tail to achieve the proper balance point.

**CONTROL THROWS.**

<b>Ailerons:</b>	
High Rate :	15mm
Low Rate :	12mm
<b>Elevator:</b>	
High Rate :	15mm
Low Rate :	12 mm
<b>Rudder:</b>	
High Rate :	25mm
Low Rate :	20 mm



**FLIGHT PREPARATION.**

Check the operation and direction of the elevator, rudder, ailerons and throttle.

A) Plug in your radio system per the manufacturer's instructions and turn everything on.

B) Check the elevator first. Pull back on the elevator stick. The elevator halves should move up. If it they do not, flip the servo reversing switch on your transmitter to change the direction.

C) Check the rudder. Looking from behind the airplane, move the rudder stick to the right. The rudder should move to the right. If it does not, flip the servo reversing switch on your transmitter to change the direction.

D) Check the throttle. Moving the throttle stick forward should open the carburetor barrel. If it does not, flip the servo reversing switch on your transmitter to change the direction.

E) From behind the airplane, look at the aileron on the right wing half. Move the aileron stick to the right. The right aileron should move up and the other aileron should move down. If it does not, flip the servo reversing switch on your transmitter to change the direction.

**PREFLIGHT CHECK.**

1) Completely charge your transmitter and receiver batteries before your first day of flying.

2) Check every bolt and every glue joint in the **FOCKE-WULF FW190** to ensure that everything is tight and well bonded.

3) Double check the balance of the airplane. Do this with the fuel tank empty.

4) Check the control surfaces. All should move in the correct direction and not bind in any way.

5) If your radio transmitter is equipped with dual rate switches double check that they are on the low rate setting for your first few flights.

6) Check to ensure the control surfaces are moving the proper amount for both low and high rate settings.

7) Check the receiver antenna. It should be fully extended and not coiled up inside the fuselage.

8) Properly balance the propeller. An out of balance propeller will cause excessive vibration which could lead to engine and/or airframe failure.

*We wish you many safe and enjoyable flights  
with your FOCKE-WULF FW190.*